The North Carolinian.

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By PALEMON JOHN.

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[illegible], Main St., opposite Ct. House

NORTH CAROLINIAN.

EQUAL RIGHTS FOR ALL MEN.

PALEMON JOHN, : : : : : : Editor.

Elizabeth City, N. C., August, 25, 1870.

For terms and advertising rates, see first page. We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

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IMPORTANT NOTICE.

The attention of all interested is called to our published terms of subscription. Remember that unless paid *in advance* the price is Two Dollars and Fifty Cents a year. There are a few who owe us for Volume 1. If they will enclose us, before the 1st of September, Four Dollars, we will credit them for two years subscription. If delayed after that date the price charged will be $2,50 for each year, or $5 for the two years. Hereafter no new subscriptions will be taken unless accompanied with the cash.

SMALL FARMS.

One of the great mistakes many of our farmers make is the holding of too much land. A farmer's capital is his skilled labor and his money. If he has little of the latter he should have no more land than he can thoroughly well manage by his own personal labor. Every acre beyond that is an incumbrance. Well tested experience has demonstrated that one acre *well worked* is more profitable than twenty acres skimmed over. It is this greed of land by farmers that have not the capital to work it that keeps so many poor. Small farms are better than large ones because they are better suited to the average capital of common farmers. Of course where a man has a large capital he is able to manage a large farm. Without the capital he would make more money off a small one. Two or three hundred acres of land in the posession of a man who has only enough capital to stock and develope ten acres leads to one of two things—either that he pays taxes on the balance which he does not use, or, as is more commonly the case, that he spreads his small capital out over the whole; and, in the language of a practical farmer, "that is so thin that it is like a spoonful of guano on the Grand Prairie." There never should be too much disproportion between a man's farm and his capital. A small farm well tilled is more profitable than a large one neglected.

HON. JOHN POOL.

The entire Democratic press of this State have taken special delight for some months past in abusing Hon. John Pool. Jealous of his influence, fearful of his strength, and alarmed at his power, they would break him down. Head and shoulders above them all he pays no attention to their attacks. Conscious of the rectitude and wisdom of his course he does not so much as notice the small curs that keep "barking and biting" at his heels. Loving his native State; anxious that she should take strides forward in all that makes a commonwealth noble, prosperous and great; desiring to see her best interests fostered and her vast resources developed, he has dared to take positions, unpopular as some of them seem to be to day, that will eventually best and most certainly accomplish all these great results.

We make the prediction that the time will come when the men who are now cursing Senator Pool and pronouncing all sorts of anathemas against him will be the foremost in shouting him huzzas! He can bide his time. Events will prove that he is right and that his revilers are wrong.

THE TEACHER.

Among all the professions none is nobler than that of the Teacher's. And yet, it must be confessed, that the existing race of teachers barely appreciate the inherent nobility of their vocation. For this the teachers are not more blameworthy than society, which fails to award them the emoluments due to great merit, or rather to the great services expected of them, or to grant them the consideration due to the functions they are expected to fulfill. But the remedy for this injustice rests, to a great extent, with the teachers themselves. Let them render themselves worthy of their high vocation and society will soon begin to recognize their worth.

Our advice to every member of this valuable profession is; Use every means at your disposal to improve your condition—not by clamorously or whiningly complaining of injustice, but by efforts at self improvement. Let the more advanced among you call the attention of your brethren to short comings, and let all unite in elucidating and adopting every improved method of instruction. Demonstrate that you are in earnest; that you feel an interest in your work; that you are live, progressive teachers, and you will soon find a corresponding increased appreciation of you and your profession.

The "bad luck" attending the operations of Napoleon in his war against Prussia is not the only instance of the kind in his history. He made war upon Russia in 1845, with a view of weakening her power, but he actually strengthened it. In 1859 he made war upon Austria to strengthen Italy, and then he weakened France by permitting Italy to co-operate with Prussia in the war of 1860. In 1862 he made war on Mexico to break down the United States but was himself humiliated and the prestige of this Government was increased. He now makes war to break down Prussia, but instead of this, he has already succeeded not only in consolidating the unity of Germany, but in giving the deathblow to the political power of Papacy by allowing the Italians to transfer their capitol to Rome.

THE FARMER'S SECURITY.

"The high prizes of life are not, as a general thing, offered to the farmer. Not one in a thousand acquires a princely fortune by cultivation of the soil. This is so well understood by the shrewd men, who "will be rich," that almost every man of them avoids farming as by instinct.—*Exchange.*

But there is another side to this subject, and it is full of interest and instruction. Almost every farmer who has average health and is industrious, acquires a competence and an independence. Four out or five families will furnish proof of the assertion, that men, beginning with nothing but vigorous industry, and an unsullied name, have, within the last twenty years, risen to the possession of comfort and abundance. The exceptions to this remark are few and can be readily anounted for on the most obvious principles. Now set down against this fact, which the last twenty years has developed, namely, that nine out of every ten of all who engage in trade fail in business, and farmers have abundant reasons to facilitate themselves on their position and its blessings.

Where the farmer exercises care and prudence, and does not go outside of his business to make money, he is quite beyond the reach of bankruptcy. These facts speak volumes in favor of Agriculture as a profession. We invite the attention of our young men to them. They are worthy the most thoughtful reflection. Other professions are being crowded to over-flowing. That of the farmer is always open. There is still abundant room. None promises surer competence and truer independence.

WAITE FOR THE DEVELOPEMENTS.

When all the facts are made public we opine that many who now denounce Gov. Holden will find to their surprise that he was prompted by higher and other motives than those of a merely personal character in his efforts to suppress the organized outrages in certain counties in this State. These disturbances of the peace were so organized, so persistent, so formidable, that all the ordinary civil processes were impotent and futile. Their perpetrators defied the civil means of repression. They laughed at the Governor's remonstrances, his exhortations, and his proclamations. He tells us that he was compelled either to tolerate anarchy in the State or to use military force. If we are not in error he had a precedent in the action of Gov. King in the "Dorr rebellion" in Rhode Island in 1842.

FRIENDLY CAUTION.

Those politicians commit a blunder who take special pains to make fanatical appeals to and in behalf of the colored race. Ignorant as they may be, they are not devoid of natural sense. They well understand who are their friends and it don't require any special pleading with them to induce them to vote with the party that has conferred on them all of civil rights and political privileges they possess. And we would remind some of our friends that the colored man looks with some suspicion upon those white men who are embracing every opportunity in public to fawn upon him. It smacks if a demagoguery the intelligent colored man questions the propriety of. He *respects those who respect themselves*, and the time is coming, yea now is, when he will place more confidence in those who address themselves to the intelligence as well as the interests of the *whole people*, without regard to color.

THE ADDRESS OF THE REPUBLICAN CONGRESSIONAL COMMITTEE.

On our first page will be found an Address issued by the Republican Congressional Committee. We bespeak for it a careful perusal. A party that has accomplished so much, whose aims are so lofty and the spirit actuating it so generous is entitled to the respect and confidence of the people. Its closing words are worthy the distinguished author, and may the Republicans of North Carolina take the exhortation to heart.

Not faultless but high, noble, and glorious is the record of the Republican party. History will note it, and the world will gratefully remember it. In the light of this brief review of its achievements, for patriotism, liberty, justice, and humanity, should not Republicans, one and all, cling to their grand organization rectify its mistakes, correct its errors, and keep it true to its past traditions, and in harmony with enlightened and progressive spirit of the age? So doing may they not prepetuate their power until their beneficient principles shall become the accepted policy of the nation?

The Democratic papers are making frantic appeals to the "colored people" to place trust and confidence in their party. They say "fear not, we will prove ourselves your friends." It is the old story of the spider and fly. The motives inducing the appeal are far from disinterested, and yet the fact that they are forced to the position to acknowledge the Republican doctrine of giving the colored man his rights—proves salutary in our politics. Instead of parties being divided into races, campaigns can be fought on other issues. That the Democracy are forced to this is an indication that, unlike the old Bourbons, they *are* learning something.

We know not by whose order it was done, nor do we know the motives prompting it, but we told our friends at the time—and we think so still—that the arrest of the editor of the Raleigh *Sentinel* was a blunder, to say the least. That he maligned and abused the Governor is true; the Governor's organ—the *Standard*—retorted on him. Even this was a mistake. It would have been better to have treated him with a "Shoo fly, don't bodder me" contempt. The arrest of Turner gives him a notoriety he has long courted. He should not have been gratified.

Some of the prominent politicians in this State keep on illustrating the old fable in which the Pot with unblushing effrontery called the Kettle black. This process of abuse settles no grave question, nor does it conclude a single argument. It is time it ceased.

Secretary Belknap, of the War Department, has gone to his home in Keokuk, Iowa, where he intends to remain for same time.

THE CLOVEN FOOT.

Already some of the opposition papers are beginning to show the cloven foot. Before the election the *Sentinel*, and papers of that ilk, prated about "Conservatism" and the "Conservative party." We warned old line Whigs that this was only a cloak to deceive them. Since the election these papers claim every man elected to the Legislature on their ticket as *Democrats*, and talk about the regular re-organization of the old Democratic party! We are not surprised at this; but how do our old line Whig friends, who helped them into power, like the programme?

Lipincott's Magazine for September has been received. The following are its contents. "Admetus," illustrated, by Emma Lazarus; "The Story of the Sapphire," by Lucy Hamilton Hooper; "By Steam and Paddle to Manitoba," by John Lesperance; "About Dogs," by Donn Piatt; "Sir Harry Hotspur of Humblethwaite," Part V., by Anthony Trollope; "Mexican Reminiscences;" "A Pilgrimage," by Barton Aill; "The House of Pennypacker & Son," by J. W. Watson; "Waifs from Field, Camp, and Garrison," by James Franklin Fitts; "On the Hypothesis of Evolution." concluded, by Edward D. Cope, "A Glimpse of Quebec," by John Esten Cooke: "My Story," by J. F. Stone; Errata," by George H. Calvert; "Our Monthly Gossip," and "Literature of the Day.

Correspondence.

From Plymouth.

Plymouth, N. C. Aug. 22d 1870.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian:

The *Sentinel* of the 17th inst., contains a letter from this place signed "Vigilant" and headed "Radical Ku Klux operations rampant in Plymouth."

While such articles are scarcely worthy of notice, yet taken in connection with the operations of the genuine Ku Klux in other portions of the State, it might create a false impression upon the minds of some who are unacquainted with the facts, besides it is a scurrilous attack upon our sheriff than whom a more efficient officer is not to be found in North Carolina.

The idea that prisoners were taken out of jail and hung by the Ku Klux or were released to enable them to vote never entered the head of any sensible person acquainted with the facts, nor were such reports circulated here.

By assistance from outsiders they were enabled to make their escape. Our jail is insecure owing to the fact that the county is too poor to repair it properly. The County Commissioners, when they went into office, found the county badly in debt, and to pay off this indebtedness together with providing for current expenses, has been all they could do.

That our Sheriff has been derelict in his duty no fair minded citizen of either party will assert. When young Nichols was murdered, some three years ago, he used every means in his power to effect the capture of the guilty person, and failing he reported the fact to Gen. Canby, then commanding this military District, as was his duty.

If he has been so negligent, why did not "Vigilant" make his complaint before as the Sheriff has been a candidate twice since that time.

Soon after the murder of Nichols, the Sheriff nearly lost his life by being shot by a desperado whom he was attempting to arrest, who made his escape and has not been captured. "Vigilant" does not charge him with neglect of duty for not arresting this man.

Mr. Wiggins, the jailor is a colored man, but is certainly a competent official and I have yet to hear of any citizen here, charging or intimating that he is in any way deserving of censure for the escape of the prisoners.

While on this subject I wish to mention the fact that crime is on the decrease here and a more orderly or quiet community is not to be found in the country.

Such letters as the one referred to are calculated to create a false impression abroad and ought to be discountenanced.

Truly Yours,

Justice.

From Kittrell's Springs.

Kittrell's Springs. Aug. 13, 1870.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian:

This was a well known watering place before the war and many of its visitors can testify to its curative properties, but being occupied for the past five years as a Female College, it has deprived many persons from visiting here; not only for its water which is sent for far and near, but for its facilities for game. There are scores of birds, partridge, wood cock and wild turkey, which would be a sufficient inducement to the sportsman.

Mr. Riddick has moved his school to Oxford which leaves the college vacant. Those in want of this fine mineral water can find accomodations at the College near the spring at Mr. Cayhill's at a reasonable price.

The Death of Elder White of the A. M. E. Zion Church.

Hertford, N. C. Aug. 19, 1670.

To the Editor of the North Carolinian:

Sir:—I have taken the responsibility on myself to write a statement of the distressing accident which occured a few days ago to our esteemed minister, Rev. Daniel White, Elder of the A. M. E. Zion Church, residing in the town of Hertford, Perquimans County. He was on his return home a few days ago from Norfolk, whither he was in the habit of going about once a month, having a blind horse and being in a dozy state, caused by traveling, unfortunately was drowned in the canal. This event occured on the 10th of August, about 4 o'clock in the morning. Immediately after the accident occurred, the canal was diligently searched and his body found having a few bruises on his face and head, supposed to have been caused from the kicking of the horse during the struggle. Immediately after this, the sad report was hastened to his affectionate wife, and friends at Hertford and elsewhere. And never before did I hear such lamenting over the loss of one minister in so small a village, as was in the town of Hertford over the loss of Elder White. I was teaching a public school in the town, assisted by two teachers, with a list of one hundred pupils; and my entire school seemed to be so strongly attached to the Elder, and were so affected by the sad event, that I adjourned school and gave my pupils permission to crowd aronnd the minister's residence in order to hear a true report of the sad occurance. The loss of this good and serviceable minister, has not only been regreted by the colored, but also by a vast number of whites. They all spake highly of him. There have been two prominent societies established by the Elder in the town of Hertford; besides many at various other places, and it is not likely that any of them will fail to flourish and prosper. His plans also have ever been prudent, his moral conduct, his sober and quiet habits generally, have been such as to merit the full confidence of all who knew him, both white and colored. He was born August 21st 1840, and died August 10th 1870.

Rooks Turner.

From Washington.

Supervisor Fulton reports the seizure in Baltimore, of a sugar and vinegar establishment as an illicit distillery.

Miss Green, of Alliance, Ohio, has been admitted to the Government Printing Office on piece work. This is the first female compositor employed at that establishment.

A dispatch from Washington states that Acting Commissioner Douglas has decided that the Cherokee manufacturers of tobacco must pay the duty and affix stamps, as do other manufacturers.

During the years 1865 and 1866 various persons were commissioned as internal revenue officers in the Southern States who, it was afterward ascertained, were unable to subscribe to the "iron-clad" or test-oath of 1862. Upon the presentation of their bills for payment, they were rejected by the disbursing officers of the Treasury. In the Appropriation bill passed at the last session of Congress, provision was supposed to have been made for the payment of these claims, but the phraseology of the same was of such a character that no action could properly be taken until the opinion of the Attorney-General should be obtained. That officer has decided that the bill is broad enough to warrant the payment of all these claims, and, consequently, the same will be immediately audited and paid.

Foreign War News.

From the papers of the 16th a great battle is reported to have been fought before Metz on Sunday, and another one near that city yesterday. In the former both sides claim a victory, and in the latter it is claimed that the Prussians were the conquerors. Of the fight on Sunday Napoleon, in a dispatch to the Empress, says the French army began crossing the Moselle in the morning, when about half the troops had reached the other side, and ignorant of the presence of the enemy, they were attacked in strong force by the Prussians. The fight lasted four hours, and the German troops were finally repulsed with great loss. The King of Prussia, in regard to the same affair in a teleegram to the Queen, dated Sunday morning, in the vicinity of Metz, says, "A victorious combat occured near Metz, today." No deaths of the battle reported yesterday are as yet received. Napoleon, accompanied by the Prince Imperial, left Metz for Verdun, at 2 o'clock, on Sunday, where they arrived safely. Before taking his departure he issued a proclamation, in which he expressed his confidence in the patriotism of the citizens to protect and defend the city. McMahon's whereabouts seem to be in doubt. He is reported at both Toul and Nancy. Edmond About has not as yet made his appearance, and it is feared he has been killed. The German troops are swarming up the Moselle and the French have blown up two bridges at Vigneul to check their advance.

From the papers of the 17th we see that the official dispatches from Berlin are to effect that the Prussian troops were most successful in their movements. From their sources the following particulars are given in regard to the second fight before Metz on Monday: The French forces were attacked in force by the First Seventh Prussian Army Corps under the walls of Metz, and driven within the city with a loss of 4,000 men. The conflict was a bloody one. In the afternoon of the same day, a grand reconnoisance, headed by the Prussian King in person, was maintained for some hours without opposition, within the lines of French defenses. A dispatch, received in Paris from the Sub-Prefect of Verdun, represents that the Prusians were completely defeated in the fight and met with a loss of 40,000 men. The dispatch is given to the public, but is not verified from official sources. The capture by Bavarian troops of Fortress Marshal, a small town near Nancy, is reported. Seventy-five arrest have been made of parties implicated in the recent riots in the Boulevard Villette in Paris. A Council of War to act on the cases of the rioters met yesterday. The proceedings in the Corps Legislatif yesterday were exciting. During the session the Minister of War. Count Palikao, stated that although he had no official dispatches from the front, he was reliably informed that the Prussians had received a severe check, and were retiring toward Commercy. He also stated that Marshal Bazaine was the only true Commander-in-Chief. It is thought in London that the Corps Legislatif is inclining to create a Provisional Government. A correspondent of the London *Telegraph*, writing from Paris, says that the French Chambers are unworthy of public respect, and that the members having been elected by coercion and fraud, they cannot be trusted as a committee of public safety. It is now said in London that Eugenie and the Prince Imperial are certainly in Paris. The Paris *Gaulois* is astonished that a dispatch received from the seat of war was signed "Napoleon" only. It was countersigned "Bazaine," the journal adds, but the latter name was suppressed in the publication of the news.

From the papers of the 18th we learn that rumors are rife that Napoleon is preparing for flight, and that boxes containing his private property have arrived at Madrid, Spain. The Empress, it is again reported, has asked permission to pass through Belgium on her way to England. The Emperor, it would seem, still continues to interfere with the army movements, instead of leaving them to his commanders, hence his unpopularity. The London *Post* states that the telegraph has been cut in the rear of the Prussians, and thinks no decisive results have as yet followed the recent fighting. The *Times*, on the contrary, is of the opinion that the French have received a finishing stroke at Metz, and that after another great battle has been fought at Chalons, English intervention will take place. On Tuesday night the garrison of Strasbourg is reported to have made a sortie toward Honheim. They were driven back with great loss. A German dispatch from Carlsruhe, dated Aug. 14, states that several light skirmishes occurred the day before, but with no particular result. King William has appointed Governor-Generals of the French Provinces of Lorraine and Alsace.

The anxiety of the populace of Paris to gain intelligence of the war movements is great. On Tuesday night crowds surrounded the Ministry of the Interior and other places where news are received. The journals counsel patience and forbearance. The Archbishop of Paris has placed at the disposal of the authorities for hospital purposes all the diocesan schools and other institutions in his charge. Prominent leaders of the Legitimists have also lent their estates to the Government for the same purpose. It is rumored in Paris that the wife of Lebœuf is a Prussian, and the General is now imprisoned at Vincennes. The The nephews of the King of Sweden are reported to have joined the French Army. A proclamation has been issued in France requiring Germans in the country to take out permits for a residence. A formal proclamation has been issued by Vice-Admiral Fourichon, Commander-in-Chief of the French naval forces in the North Sea, declaring that from the 15th inst, all the coasts of Prussia and the North German Confederation, from the Island of Borkum to the North of the Elder, are in an effective state of blockade, neutral vessels are given ten days to leave the blockaded ports. Austria, in view of the situation, is allowed by Russia to pass merchantmen free of duty through the port of Riga.

From the papers of the 18th we learn in regard to the recent battles about Metz fighting began on Sunday, near that city, at 3 P. M., and was brought about by a Prussian attack on Frossard's Division which was about withdrawing from its position. The attacking force was under command of Prince Frederick Charles. and Gen. Steinmetz. No particular results followed, the French continuing the retreat in an orderly manner. Marshal Bazaine was slightly wounded, and had a horse killed under him. The French loss in this fight was 8,000 and the German 10,000, the disproportion was owing to the destruction caused by the *mitrailleuse*. The fight at Gravelotte, where Napoleon had established his head-quarters, began on Monday evening. And here also the slaughter was terrible, in fact in all the accounts received from various sources heavy losses are admitted on both sides. A dispatch from Berlin states that another great battle took place on Tuesday morning, and claims a victory. Bazaine was attacked while endeavoring to fall back from Metz to Verdun. The combat lasted twelve hours. A number prominent German officers were killed. King William, on Wednesday, saluted the troops on the battle-field. French accounts of the situation are vague, although a dispatch from Paris states that Bazaine claims that the Prussians have been repulsed along the entire line. Gen. Frossard is reported to have been grievously wounded in one of the battles. The Prince Royal of Prussia, it is also reported, has been slightly wounded. The rumored refusal of Napoleon to grant an armistice, it is said in Paris, is confirmed. An official dispatch, received in Paris from Bazaine, yesterday, claims a great victory over Prince Frederick Charles and Gen. Steinmetz on Tuesday, at a point between Doncowit and Vionville. The investment of Strasbourg by the Prussians is said to be so slack that the garrison has been reinforced by French troops. A naval engagement off the coast of the Island of Rugen, is reported. The affair occurred on Wednesday afternoon, a division of the Prussian fleet encountering the French fleet. The former soon withdrew without loss. The French squadron is now at Dornbusch. Eleven German vessels have been captured since the beginning of the war.

Great activity is shown in Paris in the defensive measures now in progress. By to-morrow 1,000 guns will be in position. Gen. Millinet has been assigned to the command of the Guards Mobile. The destruction of all railways and bridges leading to the city is urged. Ollivier and his wife, it is said, have gone to Italy, and the movement is much commented on. Prince Napoleon has sent his children and valuable to Italy, in opposition to the advice of the Empress. Prince Bonaparte is said to have gone to Corsica, Considerable excitement is occasioned at the capital by the rumored presence of Prussian spies. The last session of the Corps Legislatif was an interesting one. Count Pilakao stated that although he could not state the result of the recent engagements, he would say that an unsuccessful attempt had been made to take Pfalsbourg, and that the Prussians had been repulsed with a loss of 1,500 killed. This result had, he added, an inspiriting effect upon the army. The Deputies declined to sit yesterday, but the Senate was in session. Gen. Trouchu has been appointed commanderin-chief of all the forces of Paris, and has issued a proclamation to the people counseling calmness and moderation. The theatres of Paris are nearly all closed. Minister Washburne is overwhelmed with business in consequence of assuming the protection of Prussian citizens. A movement to present Marshal McMahon with a sword of honor is in progress in Paris, and a large amount of money has already been subscribed.

From the papers of the 20th we learn that the nominations of Gen. Trochu to be millitary Governor of Paris inspires great confidence. The capital is now thought able to repel any attack. No reports were received from the front, on the 18th, Gen. Bazaine declining to send dispatches until the result is assured. The reported wounding of Prince Frederick Charles is not confirmed.

In our general dispatches, fighting all day on Thursday near Mars le Tour is reported. The French dispatches bear a confident tone, but advices received in London from Berlin represent that the Prussians, under Prince Frederick Charles and Steinmetz, obtained a victory in the battle, and forced the main body of the French back on Metz. The road to Chalons is now said to be open for the Crown Prince, who is advancing to attack Frossard with three corps. The position at Metz is regarded as critical. Napoleon is still at Rheims. The ground between Metz and Verdun has been the scene of conflict since Sunday. An official dispatch from Marshal Bazaine, giving the details of Wednesday's battle, is posted in Paris. The Prussians, it is stated, were repulsed in every attack. The losses are reported as "serious." Additional particulars of Tuesday's combat are given. The French dispatches claim a victory. Gen. Le Grand is reported killed, and Gen. Montaign missing. Of the Prussians, Prince Albert, of Prussia, commanding the cavalry, and Gens. Doering and Wedel are said to be killed, while Gens. Grootherr and Van Banch are wounded. The German account gives a different version of the affair, and the French are reported to have been driven back from the banks of the Meuse to Metz with a loss of 2,000 prisoners, two eagles and seven guns.

From the papers of the 22d we learn that another proclamation has been issued by Gen. Trochu, from which it is inferred that a seige is anticipated. He makes an earnest appeal to the patriotism of the citizens to sustain him in the government and defence of the city. On taking command of the City of Paris, it is said, Gen. Trochu stipulated for absolute control, and it was given him. In the Corps Legislatif, on Saturday, an explanation of the delay in arming the National Guard of Paris was demanded of members of the Ministry, in reply to which they asserted that in a few days more there would be 80,000 under arms, which reply was received with satisfaction. Provision and munitions of war for six months are said to be stored in Paris. Admiral Roneiers, in a proclamation to the sailors and marines charged with the defense of Paris, says they must be there what they were at Sebastopol. The Minister of the Interior prohibits the inhabitants from mounting on the ramparts or inspecting the works under pain of court-martial. Prince Frederick William is said to be at Jaumont, and Bazaine is reported to have decided to remain at Metz. The Empress has telegraphed to the Countess De Montijo, at Madrid, that she is resigned to any fate that may befall her. The Spanish Regent, Serrapo, has telegraphed to Paris, offering the Empress shelter. The Bourse has declined in view of the proposed issue of a loan of 750,000,000 francs.

A California paper finds it necessary to explain that the peculiar taste of the water in an Alameda well was caused by the presence of six dead cats. Its medicinal virtues had previously been highly praised.

The Habeas Corpus Cases.

The following telegrams, via of the associated Press, from Raleigh, are the substance of what we can learn thus far as to those cases:

Raleigh, N. C., Aug. 18.—Judge Brooks, the United States District Judge, has ordered Kirk to make returns of writs and prisoners before him at Salisbury. Seventy three prisoners have arrived there. Gov. Holden sent for Chief Justice Pierson, who arrived here last night. The Governor proposed to obey the writs today which had been heretofore issued by the Judge, and deliver up these prisoners before him in Chambers. Some sixteen or eighteen of them arrived here this afternoon. The prisoners were immediately brought before Judge Brooks. Kirk was allowed till 10 o'clock to-morrow morning to make a return. The prisoners were released on their own recognizance. Bergen arrived in Raleigh at 4 o'clock this afternoon with the prisoners, for whom Judge Pierson had some time ago issued writs. A motion was made by counsel for a dismissal of the petition and retraction of the same, upon the production of Wiley, charged with the murder of Stephens, Gov. Holden's counsel made a counter motion for commitment upon a bench warrant, on the affidavit of Bergen. The motions lie over until to-morrow morning at 9 o'clock, Judge Pierson bailing Wiley in the meantime in $5,000.

Raleigh, Aug. 20.—Judge Pearson, in the Chambers, to-day, discharged all the prisoners except the five held on a bench-warrant are retained on the affidavic of Kirk, setting forth that he believed the accused were guilty of murder. The counsel for the prisoners objected to the affidavit as unsufficient to grant a bench-warrant upon, because it set forth no facts that could be taken as evidence, and he asked time to produce authority on the question. The motion was granted, and time allowed until Monday at 9 o'clock a. m. The prisoners will be bailed in the mean time. It is thought no legal evidence can be procured, when they will be released. The United States Marshal has served writs on Messrs. Kirk and Bergen to appear before Judge Brooks on Tuesday next on three several writs.

Raleigh, August 22.—Judge Pearson commenced the examination of the bench warrant cases of the State against Wiley this morning. A number of witnesses were sworn, when the court adjourned to three o'clock. Three witnesses were examined this evening, when the court again adjourned.

Judge Brooks, who opens the District Court to-morrow, will release some thirty prisoners. Kirk and Bergen will be present to answer for contempt, and also on a civil writ for damages.

Felix Roan, whom Brooks released in Salisbury, appeared and gave bail for a bench warrent issued by Judge Pearson.

Later.

From the *Standard* of Tuesday we learn that the prisoners taken before Judge Brooks at Salisbury were discharged, there being no evidence against them—the Judge refusing time to Col. Kirk to send subpœnas for witnesses, of whom there is a very large number. Col. Kirk could not possibly have had them there, as he had not been ordered to arrest witnesses. Proceedings will be taken against these parties by bench warrants before a State Judge.

General Summary.

The male and female teachers of St. Louis have at last been placed upon an equal footing.

During the month of July there were forty deaths by lightning in the State of Wisconsin.

James Harris, of Jefferson County, Ill., has a four-months-old baby that weighs only two pounds. It eats well and cries well.

Mr. Wm. Duncan, of Antauga County, Ala., is the owner of a pig having two distinct bodies and only one head. It is on exhibition at a saloon.

A man named McClelland lost a limb a few days since on the railroad at Pittsburg, Penn. He took too much liquor, spread himself upon the track—and underwent an amputation.

Gen Stoneman has concluded a treaty with the Yarapai-Apache Indians of Arizona, whereby they agree to protect the whites within their boundaries from depredations by other bands.

A housewife on a prairie farm illustrated the condition of farmers' wives when she said: "It's mighty easy for the men and the horses, but it's death on *women and oxen*."

A pair of blue birds have built their nests in the large gong used to warn passengers of approaching trains at Chester, Pa., and do not seem to mind the discordant noises of their singular habitation.

The novel spectacle of a man on fire, was recently witnessed in the streets of Springfield, Mass. He did not seem to realize his position until the hair began to singe.

The shoe-makers of Marblehead, Mass., having recently struck for higher wages, refuse to compromise, unless assured that their demands will be complied with. They are resolved to hold out to the "last."

The Knoxville *Whig* says East Tennessee has raised this year 5,000,000 bushels of wheat, and will have a surplus of 3,000,000 bushels for sale. More than has been raised in that section for twenty years.

An old Conservative goose on hearing of the Republican defeat in the recent election, walked eight miles to Newbern for the purpose of reclaiming some slaves who left him in 1865. He didn't get them and returned home damning such a victory as that!

An Indiana maiden was arrested a few days back, by her wrathful parent, for horse stealing. She took the animal to elope with her lover, and as she was beyond the age for parental control, he caused her to be locked up on the criminal charge.

James Garnet, an imprisoned thief, at Virginia, Nev., was discovered, some time since, while in the act of drinking his own blood from a vein in the right arm. He informed the jailer that he had been in the habit of existing on that kind of fare, at certain intervals, for years. A blood-thirsty fellow truly.

A plumber, on the Lake Shore and Michigan Railroad, has invented a machine for supplying locomotives with water. In addition to its use for the purpose named, it can also be availed of for watering hogs in cars by means of a revolving joint attached to the tank. The cars can be flooded as they pass, and the animals thoroughly cooled. In a humane sense, it is a very valuable invention.

A pair of precocious little damsels at Troy, N. Y., were overheard the other night, on the sidewalk, exchanging notes on the Franco-Prussian war. "I know," said No, 1, "that France will beat, because the little Prince is with him." "Go away with you," chimed in No. 2. "I know a mighty sight better. The Dutch will whip: for my pa is a Frenchman and my ma is a Dutchman. They fight every night, and ma always licks."

The monotony of Springfield, Mass., was relieved on Monday last by a foot-race between the Postmaster of the city and a sturdy black-smith. The prize was $20; and the son of Vulcan was declared the winner.

Canyon City, Oregon, was destroyed by fire on the 13th inst. Only one house was left standing, and the entire loss amounts to $250,000.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A VALUABLE FARM AND FISHERY FOR SALE.

This farm is in Perquimans county, N. C., immediately on Albemarle Sound, where the water is 20 miles wide, and 18 feet deep, and is on a neck of high, rolling land, between two navigable Rivers, and requires but little draining. This farm is about 18 miles from the town of Elizabeth City, N. C., and is among the finest plantations in the State. It produces corn, wheat, cotton, &c., in large quantities—the land being very rich. The farm buildings consist of large barn, stables, and other convenient out houses, small dwelling, &c., within 300 yards of the water, and the fishery. There are 400 acres of land 250 of which are cleared, and in good cultivation, the balance in fine wood and timber.

This farm has upon it one of the best and largest fisheries in North Carolina and has been in successful operation for the past two seasons. It has a new seine 2,500 yards long, and all the necessary boats and apparatus for carrying on a first class shad and herring fishery, barrels, stands, fish houses, servants quarters, offices, &c., all new. In a fair fishing season it would be safe to calculate on catching 2,000,000 of herring and 50,000 shad, besides large numbers of other fish, such as rock, sturgeon, mullets, &c. The gross proceeds from such a fishery, it is fair to calculate, will in one season, say from March 10th to May 15, amount to $25,000 and the expense all told, would not be more than $7,000 thus leaving a clear profit from the fishery alone, of $18,000 in one season. The offal from this fishery is a manure of more value than guano. Enough is saved every season to make over 100 acres rich. And in a few years, the whole farm can be made as rich as the garden farms near the large cities, and with no other expense than simply hauling and spreading on the land. There is a large heap of this manure now on the premises, left over from last year. The purchaser gets this.

In addition to the advantages and inducements already mentioned, the farm, is on a pleasant, loyal neighborhood, in the midst of good society, and has all the surroundings requisite to make Northern settlers contented and prosperous.

Situated as this farm is on the wide waters, it is fanned in Summer by sea breezes, rendering it all times in warm weather pleasant and healthful. And in winter, the waters moderate the cold, and made the atmosphere mild and salubrious.

At all seasons of the year, fish, fresh from water, of the choicest kinds, can be had in abundance for the table, with but little effort or expense. And in winter, the waters abound in wild fowel, such as ducks, geese and swans, which to the sportsmen affords amusement, and to the epicure, the enjoyment which he so much courts.

This whole property, including farm, fishing tackle, seine, boats, barrels and every thing in complete order, is offered at the low price of $20,000, $8,000 cash, balance in one, two and three years, with interest from January 1, 1871. This property is a great inducement offered to the public. For further particulars, apply to

GEO. D. POOL,
Agent.

North Carolina, } Superior Court.
Hertford County. }

William P. Benman, Pltf.

vs. Attachment.

Richardson G. Darden Def

One hundred and ninety-five 78-100 dollars due by account, with interest on one hundred and sixty-eight 63-100 dollars from 1 January 1861 and interest on the balance from 29th April 1861. Writ of attachment returnable at the next Superior Court, to be held for the County of Hertford, at the Court House in Winton on the 3rd Monday of October, A. D. 1870, when and where the defendant is required to appear and answer the complaint, or judgment will be entered against him.

S. S. HARRELL,
Clerk.

Dated 12th August, 1870 9-4t.

TO LET.

The subscriber has two good offices to let. They are situated on Road Street, near the Post Office. Terms moderate. Apply to

W. H. FULLER,
Elizabeth City, Aug. 25th, 1870 3t.

VALUABLE PROPERTY IN CURRITUCK COUNTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers a portion of his property for sale, as follows: A large and popular Store Stand now occupied by the firm of Baxter & Sanderlin, located at Sligo, three and a half miles from Currituck Court House, N. C. on the banks of a navigable river. In addition to the Store there is a large Ware House, a good dwelling house and the necessary outbuildings, also sixty acres of valuable timber land.

He will also sell another property adjoining the store, containing 40 acres of valuable timber land, a good dwelling house and all the necessary outbuildings.

Both these properties are eligibly located and among the most valuable in the county. Terms easy, a small part in cash, the ballance on time. Persons from the North wishing to visit the property can do so by taking steamer Signet at Norfolk, which will land them at Currituck C. H., at which place address

E. F. BAXTER.

Aug. 18, 1870.—4m.*

LORD'S PRAYER PICTURE.

LPP Portraits—Christ. John. Matthew. Judas. Andrew. Simon. James, the less. Bartholomew. Philip. James, the eldest. Thaddeus. Thomas. Pictures—The Nativity. Childhood. Baptism, &c. Sermon on the Mount. Transfiguration. Last Supper. Crucifixion. Resurrection. Ascension. Also the Lord's Prayer in letters of original and elaborate design and rare beauty of execution.

FIRST CLASS AGENTS WANTED.

The original was executed with a pen, and took six years labor. Is the most comprehensive and instructive work ever issued. Strongly indorsed by the press and leading clergy. Liberal commission, exclusive territory. Price of Photograph, $3, $2, $1.25, 25c.

TRUESHAW & MILLER,
58 Fulton St. N. Y.

Gospel Treasury $3.50, $9. Harmony 60c. 75c. Walks and Words of Jesus 35c. Path of Jesus 20c. 87. Manuals 40c. 80c. Free by Mail. 8-4t

A VALUABLE PROPERTY IN ELIZABETH CITY—FOR SALE.

All or a part of lot No. 517, one of the most desirable locations in Elizabeth City.

I will sell the entire lot containing 4 acres, or one acre of the same with 210 feet on Road Street, or the one half acre upon which are a two-story dwelling with 5 rooms, closet and attic, a kitchen, granary, smokehouse and other out houses.

Upon this lot is a choice variety of apple, peach, plum, quince, cherry, pear and fig trees (15 or 20 of the latter now full of fruit); also Scuppernong, Catawba and Isabelle grape vines now full of fruit.

The yard is well shaded, and the drinking water is excellent. The neighborhood is one of the best in the place. Satisfactory title and immediate possession given at one days notice, with no exception of growing crop. Persons desirous of purchasing, are invited to examine for themselves.

FRANK VAUGHAN.
Elizabeth City, N. C., July 28, 1870.

The under-signed has opened a new Watch Makers Shop in his Photographic Gallery over Dr. Butts Drug Store in Elizabeth City, N. C., where he is prepared to do all kinds of work in the line of repairing Watches, Jewelry, Chronometers, also Gold and Silver plating done in the best style. All work guaranteed. Having had fifteen years extensive practice in the business I flatter myself to be able to give entire satisfaction. All I ask is a trial.

J. L. WINNER.
Elizabeth City, N. C., Aug., 18, 1870.

LPP—TEACHERS should read the Advertisement and Editorial describing the L. P. P. or Lord's Prayer Picture. 8-4t.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DIARRHEA,

Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Cholera, &c., certain and immediate

NORTH CAROLINIAN.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 25, 1870.

THIS WEEK'S ADVERTISEMENTS.

We call attention to the following new advertisements in this issue:
To Let.
A Valuable Property for sale.
Court Notice.

Local and Personal.

☞ The weather is now delightful.

☞ Our farmers are beginning to bring new sweet potatoes into market.

☞ Several desirable offices for rent. See advertisement.

☞ We call the attention of all interested to the "Important Notice" at head of our editorial page this week. Read and act.

☞ The official returns from each county in this District are slowly coming in. As soon as all are received we will publish them for future reference.

☞ Through the efforts of BENJ. GOODMAN, Esq., P. M. at Williamston, a tri-weekly mail has been opened from Plymouth to that place. Evidence of progress, and of a live Post-Master.

☞ We have but one answer to make to "Conservative." A Government not strong enough to sustain itself against *all foes*, foreign or domestic, is deserving the contempt of mankind.

☞ We hear complaints from some of our patrons at Nag's Head, that they do not receive their papers. The fault is not ours. They are properly addressed and regularly sent from this office.

☞ In our official report of the election in this county, the vote for Mr. COBB in Mt. Herman township is made to appear as 6. It should have been 61. The error was in the table as furnished us by our reporter.

☞ The newspaper is emphatically the poor man's lyceum, his library, and his best instructor. It brings to him a vast treasure of information which he cannot read without being a wiser and a better man.

☞ We are sorry to learn that the dwelling house, and out buildings of WILSON FITEBEE, Esq., of Camden county, was destroyed by fire on Thursday night last. The fire was discovered about mid-night. But little of the personal property was saved.

☞ As we said in our last, we are in the "dull season." But from the looks of the crops a lively time is coming. In about six or eight weeks our fall trade will commence and active business will continue all winter. Our merchants are anticipating a heavy trade and the most of them are making arrangements for it. Let them keep the public posted through the advertising columns of the NORTH CAROLINIAN.

☞ While in our political convictions we are firm and decided, and while in the expression of our opinions we are outspoken we do not carry our politics into business. Because a man differs with us politically is no reason that we should not associate with him or treat him with the courtesy becoming and due a gentleman. The man who carries his partisan animosities and asperites so far as to make him clannish in his relations to society is not calculated to make the most useful citizen. We have no sympathy with any such spirit.

☞ To the question "Who was the first inventor of canning fruit"? we answer: Some years ago a party of gentlemen from Cincinnati were exploring the ruins of Herculaneum, in Italy, and found a jar of figs hermetically sealed, which they opened and found to be in a good state of preservation, and retaining their fresh taste and flavor. They took the hint from that can of figs, made experiments on their return home, the results of which were entirely satisfactory. From that the art spread until there is scarce a family in the North without their "canned fruit."

☞ We again call attention to the importance of clearing out and properly opening Tiber and Poindexter Creeks up to Road Street. We agitated this subject last summer, and as the result, got some work done on the former. Both channels should be opened wide and deep. There would then be neither marsh nor standing stagnant water to generate miasma and disease. If the authorities would take hold of the matter properly we have no doubt that the property holders on each branch could be induced to do a good portion of the work, if aided by the public to complete it. Take action gentlemen.

☞ "Oh how this word is given to lying," exclaimed one formerly, but whether this is a worse evil than that of *crooking* we are not yet decided. That the world is full of the latter we have evidence all around us. And we have them in Elizabeth City. Go out on the street—on *some* of our streets—and hint of improvements and you hear voices raised against them; advocate new and better buildings, and you will have the response, "it is well as it is"; speak of a new hotel, and you will be told, "we don't need one"; of a railroad and "it is visionary—it won't pay" will be the reply. But in spite of the croakers the world moves on; so will this City. The rail-road will be built, and it will pay; buildings will be raised, stores, hotels, manufactories, and they will succeed. There will be a still better market for the farmer, labor for the mechanic, business for all. The croaking Old Fogies cannot forever block the wheels of progress. Its spirit is beginning to breathe life in the lungs of trade which will result in giving more work to the artisan. It will not only make the plow move faster and *deeper*, but it will also cause the hammer to tap, the chisel to cut, the trowel to trill, the anvil to ring and the engine to whistle.

☞ The work on the new bridge over Poindexter Creek has been commenced.

☞ Dr. ANDREWS, the Dentist, has left on a trip North. He will be absent until Sept. 22.

☞ Our friend JAMES W. MULLEN, Esq., of Hertford, has sent us the first opened Cotton boll we have seen this season.

☞ The official majority of Hon. CLINTON L. COBB in this District is 4964. At his last election his majority was 3583. A gain of 1381.

☞ A correspondent from Belvidere informs us that the health in that locality is good and that the crops are heavier than they have had for several years.

☞ Our friend JESSE G. HAYCOCK has brought us a Sorghum stalk from his farm, measuring over *fourteen feet*. He says it is a sample of a large part of his crop.

☞ The Steamer "Hertford" will make an excursion to Nag's Head, leaving this place on Saturday next at 5 A. M. arriving at Nag's Head for Dinner. The fare for round trip, including Steamer and Hotel bill $6. Without meals $2.

☞ To "Students" inquiry we would say that SAMUEL ADAMS, the celebrated Revolutionary patriot, was *not* a brother, but a second cousin of President JOHN ADAMS. He rendered distinguished services in the Revolutionary struggle, served in Congress and in the United States Senate, and as Governor of Massachusetts from 1795 to 1797 inclusive.

☞ A correspondent asks: "Who was the Vicar of Bray"? It was a name given Rev. SYMON SYMONDS who lived in the Fifteenth Century, and who during the reigns of Henry VIII, Edward VI, Queen Mary and Queen Elizabeth, was first a Papist, then a Protestant, then a Papist, and then a Protestant again. Having been charged as a turncoat and inconstant changling, he replied, "Not so, for I always kept my principle, which is this; to live and die the *Vicar of Bray*." The term in latter times is apt to be applied to one who deserts his party when it is no longer for his safety or his interest to remain in it.

☞ Several attempts have been made here to organize a Building Association. They failed because the time had not yet arrived to fully benefit those for whom it was to be organized. Preceding a Building Association we think a Lot Association is needed. Let a Company of men who have no homes of their own join in an Association of fifty or one hundred and purchase as many lots, binding themselves to pay from $1 to $2 a week until paid for. After having a clear title to their lots they will be prepared to organize a Building Association, as they will then have something on which to borrow money to aid them in putting up houses. The plan is feasible and if properly acted on will enable many to own houses and lots of their own.

☞ How marvelous are the recuperative forces of Nature. And no where is this more manifest than in the various parts of this Southern land so lately rent and blasted by the destructive enginery of war. Already have the deserted battle-fields been taken possession of by this invisible power and the work of repairing the ravages of man goes steadily on. Aye, Nature though a silent is a magical worker. With invisible hand she smooths the rough earth-works, fills the rifle pits with delicate flowers, and wraps the splintered tree-trunks with her pretty drapery of tendrils. How soon is the whole sharp outline of the spot lost in peaceful grass. Where the deadly minnie ball whistled through the foliage the robin pipes its tremulous notes; and where the menacing shell descended its curve through the air a harmless mocking bird flies in circles. The gentle work goes on, healing the wounds and rents made by the merciless forces of war. So mote it be.

Mr. Whittemore has formally withdrawn his name as a candidate for member of the Forty-second Congress in the Columbia, District, South Carolina.

The names of ex-Gov. Vance, A. J. Dargan, Esq., and Hon. A. S. Merriman have been mentioned as suitable candidates for the U. S. Senate.

A lady recently arrived in Rutherfordton, from California, in search of a truant husband who absconded about a year ago, but he "smelt a rat," and vamoosed like a "streak of greased lightning."

The latest advices from Mexico declare that the Government of that country is completely bankrupt. It is also stated that Romero will probably leave the Cabinet, and return to his former post as Minister to the United States.

An unfortunate youth is at present undergoing a sentence of two years, in the Indiana State Prison, for having used another man's horse in the abduction of a lady, who turned her back on him when he was arrested.

Hon. James L. Orr has published a letter announcing his adhesion to the Republican party in South Carolina He urges that for many years to come that party must control the State, and that opposition to it will only augment and prepetutate existing evils.

The Democratic State Central Committee of Missouri have issued a circular giving their reasons for recommending that no Democratic State ticket should be put in the field next Fall. They advise the election of all the Democrats possible to the Legislature.

The oldest living member of the Masonic fraternity in this country, if not in the world, is said to be David Styles, of Prescott, Wisconsin. He is in his 105th year, and was made a Mason on the 21st day of May, 1797, over seventy-three years ago.

The Weldon *News* says: The crop prospects throughout this section continue good, with the exception of the crops upon certain light lands. The rains of the last few days, however, while doing good to corn, will prove rather damaging to cotton.

The biennial Convention of Principals and Teachers of Institutes for the deaf and Dumb in the United States will assemble in Indianapolis, Ind., on Wednesday, August 14th, 1870. This is a highly important meeting to members of the profession, and we learn that our State Institution will be represented by the Principal and some of the teachers.

The distribution of the entire $54,000,000 of national enrrency authorized will occupy, it is expected, at least a year. The first of the banks organized will receive their notes next month.

The village of Bell's Corners, near Ottawa, Canada, was destroyed by fire on Thursday, and an extensive conflagration also occurred at the village of Tannerie, near Montreal, destroying fifty houses.

Since the present Administration came into power, the Treasury has been steadily though slowly absorbing the three per cent. certificates. They have already been reduced about 11,000,000, and about 35,000 of them have come in for redemption during the present month.

The Secretary of State says that orders by cable have been given by the Navy Department to Rear Admiral Glisson, commanding our fleet in European waters, to send, if practicable, an American man-of-war up the German rivers, especially the Elbe and Weser, to encourage American interest in those quarters, but to observe in every way the strict rules of blockade.

There are many more shining qualities in the mind of man, but there is none more useful than discretion; it is this, indeed, which gives a value to all the rest, which sets them at work in their proper times and places, and turns them to the advantage of the person who is possessed of them. Without it, learning is pedantry, and wit impertinence; virtue itself looks like weakness; the best parts only qualify a man to be more sprightly in his errors, and active to his own prejudice.

MARRIAGES.

WHITE—LYNCH.—Married, at this place, on the 18th inst., by Rev. W. H. Pitts of the A. M. E. Zion Church, WILLIAM WHITE to ANNA LYNCH.

DEATHS.

REID.—Died, in Goldsboro, N. C., August 10th 1870, PATTIE, infant daughter of W. B. and S. E. REID. Aged 13 months and 26 days.

"Too pure for earth, she's gone to Heaven."

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

PENDLETON'S HOTEL, T. D. PENDLETON, Pro'r
E A Leigh, Dr R Jenkins, Perquimans, N. C.; C C Hallis, A Hallis, Bermuda; Willet Mott, Roanoke Island; Wm Cobb, C W Grandy, F M Cook, E City; R H Leigh, Pasquotank.

PENNSYLVANIA HOUSE, J. G. RUSSEL PRO'R.
Mr. Merrel, Washington, D. C.

Temperature at Elizabeth City.
For the week ending Aug. 20.
REPORTED BY J. G. RUSSELL.

Thermometer on Aug. 31st 90° in shade.
Aug. 16th—66°
Average of the week taken three times a day—at 6 A. M. and 2 and 7 o'clock, P. M. 77°

THE MARKETS.

Elizabeth City Prices Current.
REPORTED EXPRESSLY FOR THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.

Beef Hams—Dried, ₱ lb.		20
" Fresh "	10 @	15
Bacon...Clear side ₱ lb		20
" Rib side		18
" Shoulder		16
" Hams, country	18 @	20
" " sugar cured	20 @	22
Butter—Country "	25 @	30
" N. Y. State "	45 @	50
Beeswax—₱ lb	25 @	30
Beans...White Navy,		2,50
Cement—₱ bbl.	2,50 @	3,00
Corn—new, ₱ bu.		1,00
Cheese—₱ lb		25
Chickens—Spring ₱ pair	40 @	50
Cotton yarn—₱ block		2,00
" in seed, ₱ lb		18
" in bale,		19
" in lint,		17
Peaches—Dried, ₱ lb		20
Eggs—₱ doz.		12
Flour—Super. ₱ bbl.	6,00 @	7,00
" Extra	7,00 @	8,00
" Family	8,50 @	9,50
Blue Fish by ₱ lb	6,00 @	7,00
" " Herring ₱ bbl		10,00
" " gross ₱ 1000	8,00 @	12,00
" " dried "	12,00 @	15,00
Feathers—₱ lb	25 @	60
Flaxseed—₱ bu		2,00
Hides—Dry ₱ lb	12 @	13
" Green "	5 @	6
Iron...Old cast ₱ cwt.	50 @	60
" Wrought "	1,00 @	1,10
Lard—₱ lb	20 @	25
Lumber—Heart pine ₱ 1000ft	18,00 @	22,00
" Cypress "	18,00 @	20,00
" Sap "	12,00 @	16,00
" Lath "		3,00
Lime...Rockland, ₱ bbl.		2,00
" Shell, "		1,00
" Philla. "		2,50
Meal—₱ bu., 50 lbs		1,00
Oats, new—₱ bu.		60
Peas—Black ₱ bu		1,00
Black Eyed Peas		1,00
Pork—Mess	30 @	33
Potatoes—New ₱ bu.	75 @	1,00
" Sweet ₱ bu.	75 to	1,00
Rags—₱ lb		3 to 3½
Rails—Juniper ₱ 1000	50,00 to	60,00
Rope (old) ₱ lb.		5
Shingles—16 Inch, bunch, W. I. ₱ 1000	2,00 to	2,25
" 12 " "	3,25 to	3,50
Salt—₱ sack, 3 bu.		2,00
Salt—₱ L., per bu.		75
Tallow...₱ lb.	8 @	9
Wool...₱ lb.	20 @	25
Wood...₱ cord	2,50 to	3,00
Whiskey—₱ gal.	1,75 to	2,00
Yoopon...₱ bu.	25 to	30

New York Market.

Money easy at 5@6 per cent. Sterling 110. Gold 116⅛. U. S. 5-20s of 1862, 111¾. U. S. 10-40s 11. North Carolina State Bonds 78; old 56; new 59½. Cotton opened firmer at 19¾c. Flour, firmer super fine from $5.50 to $6.25; extra Southern $5.40 to $7.25 Wheat—Winter red Western, inferior to prime, $1.55@1.65; Illinois $1.25@1.25. Corn heavy; mixed Southern 87@88. Pork lower at $30. Lard steady at 15@17c. Whiskey $1.01. @ $1.02 Rice 7@7¾c.

MARINE REPORT.

PORT OF ELIZABETH CITY,
For the week ending yesterday.
REPORTED BY WILLIAM S. COPES.

ARRIVALS.

Steam Thomas Jefferson, Conklin, Norfolk, Tuesday Thursday and Saturday, freight and passengers to Dismal Swamp Siegin Transportation Company.
Stmr. Hertford, Woodley, Nag's Head.
Stmr. Alpine, Murden, Hertford.
Schr. Elizabeth, Hill, Whitehurton.
Schr. Anna, Moore, Norfolk.
Schr. Martha Davis, Davis, "
Schr. Maria Ann, Walker, "
Schr. Union, Jacobs, up sound.
Schr. Surprise, Bronson, "
Schr. Triumph, ——, up "
Schr. Camden Union, Rhodes, Little River.
Schr. J. W. Hinton, Simmons, Nag's Head.
Schr. Wild Cat, Loyed, up River.
Schr. Wave, Davis.
Schr. Native, Pugh, Hatteras.
Schr. Town, Miller, "
Schr. Three Brothers, White, Roanoke Island.
Sloop Gladiator, Owens up sound.
Sloop Alfred Dorlon, Mott, Roanoke Island.

DEPARTURES.

Stmr Thomas Jefferson Conklin to Norfolk, Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.
Stmr. Hertford, Woodley, Nag's Head.
Stmr. Alpine, Murden, to Norfolk.
Schr. Sue Commins, Lyon, Beaufort.
Schr. Eugene, Rodgers, Norfolk.
Schr. Camden Union, Rhodes, Norfolk.
Schr. Anna, Moore.
Schr. Surprise, Bronson, Norfolk.
Schr. Triumph, ——, "
Schr. Wild Cat, Loyed, down river.
Schr. Three Brothers, White, Deep Creek.
Schr. Catharine, Simmons.
Schr. Elizabeth, Hill, down river.
Schr. Native, Pugh, " "
Sloop Alfred Dorlon, Mott, Roanoke Island.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. CLARK'S LONDON REMEDIES, "FOR SPECIAL COMPLAINTS."

Dr. Clark's Invigorator gives strength to the aged and debilitated; it is especially designed for the young men who have wasted their vigor by excesses of every kind, and all persons whose systems have become weak by imprudence are completely restored by its use. Price One Dollar.

Dr. Clark's Purifier cleanses the blood from all impurities; such as Scrofula; Syphillis, Mercurial Rheumatism, Humors of every sort, Bad Breath, Offensive Prespiration, Foul Feet, Catarrh, Discharges from the Ear, Sore Eyes, Sore Throat, Falling of the Hair, Ulcers, Boils, Pimples, Blotches, and all diseases of the skin. It is also beneficial in diseases of the Lungs and Digestive Organs. Price One Dollar.

Dr. Clark's Panacea relieves Pain of every description; Headache, Earache, Toothache, Stomachache, Backache, Pains in the Breast and Limbs. It is an invaluable remedy in all Nervous Disorders, and no family should be without it. Price One Dollar.

Dr. Clark's Elixir is a certain cure for all weaknesses of the Genito-Urinary Organs, and discharges of a mucopurulent nature, Leucorrhœa, Gonorrhœa, Spermatorrhœa, and Seminal Weakness, are speedily cured by its use. Price One Dollar.

Dr. Clark's Regulator, for females only, is guaranteed to correct all special irregularities and difficulties of Single Ladies. Married Ladies are cautioned not to use it when in a certain condition, as its effects would be too powerful. Price One Dollar.

All of these celebrated remedies are prepared from Fluid Extracts under Dr. Clark's immediate supervision and are warranted fresh and pure. All afflicted persons should send a carefully written statement of their ailments to Dr. Clark, and the proper remedy will be sent promptly to their address. Dr. Clark can be consulted personally at his office, and will furnish all necessary accommodations to patients who place themselves under his care. All letters address DR. J. CLARK,
Office, No. 10 Amity Street,
N. Y. City (near Broadway.)

April 14, 1870-1yr.

WELCOME.—We take much pleasure in calling the attention of our readers to the advertisement of English Female Bitters, in another column.

This combination is regarded as the Great Female Medicine of the age, and is highly recommended by the Medical Profession, and all who have tested it.

Our female community are troubled with many complaints peculiar to their sex, and now is the time to secure a Bottle and be cured.

August 4.-4t.

SINKING SLOWLY.—Diseases that progress rapidly to a crisis are not the only ones to be dreaded. Canker or dry rot does not blast a tree as suddenly as a stroke of lightening, but unless arrested, it destroyes it as certainly; and in like manner chronic debility, although it does not kill with the swiftness of yellow fever, is as sure to sap the springs of life eventually as any acute disease, if not checked by invigorating medication. There is something inexpressibly touching in the spectacle of premature decay. Languor, pallor, emaciation, depression of spirits, and a distaste for exertion, are its ordinary symptoms, and they should be promptly met by tonic treatment. The best invigorant and exhilarant that can be administered in a case of this kind is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The stimulating principle of the preparation rouses the dormant energies of the system, and the strengthening and regulating properties give a permanent and healthful impulse to the vital forces thus brought into play. The failing appetite is re-awakened, the process of digestion and assimilations are quickened, the quality of the blood is improved, the secretions become more natural, and every organ that contributes to the nourishment of the body undergoes salutary change. By these means the repair of the physical structure is effected and its health and vigor restored. In no class of diseases has the beneficient operation of the Bitters been more marked and striking than in those characterized by general debility and nervous prostration. Ladies affcosed with these ailments find in this most wholesome of all tonics and correctives the safest and surest means of relief. It is strong to restore and powerless to injure. Such is the uniform testimony of "clouds of witnesses."

August 4.-4t.

DE BING'S VIAFUGA.

For Consumption and its attendant *complaints* of the *Liver, Stomach, Bowels, Kidneys, Genital Organs*, and all afflictions *Peculiar to Women*. For sale by all Druggists. Send for Circular.

$1,000 REWARD for any case of *Blind, Bleeding or Itching* PILES that DE BING'S PILE REMEDY fails to cure. It has cured cases of 20 years standing. Try it, and get rid of the most troublesome disease flesh is heir to. Sold by all Druggists.

L. F. BINGHAM & CO. *Chemists and Proprietors*,
142 Franklin st., Baltimore, Md.

1y.

PAIN KILLER
PERRY DAVIS & SON'S
PROP'R
1840 1870

CHOLERA—HOW TO CURE IT.—At the commencement of the Diarrhœa, which always proceeds an attack of the Cholera, take a teaspoonful of the Pain Killer in sugar and water, (hot if convenient,) and then bathe freely the stomach and bowels with the Pain Killer clear. Should the diarrhœa or cramps continue, repeat the dose every ten or fifteen minutes until the patient is relieved. In extreme cases, two or more teaspoonfuls may be given at a dose.

The P in Killer, as an internal remedy, has no equal. In cases of Cholera, Summer Complaints, Dyspepsia, Dysentery, Asthma, it cures in one night, by taking it internally, and bathing with it freely. Its action is like magic, when externally applied to Old Sores, Burnes, Scalds, and Sprains. For Sick Headache and Toothache, don't fail to try it. In short, it is a *Pain Killer*.

Directions accompany each bottle.

The Pain Killer is sold by all dealers in Medicines. Prices, 25 cents, 50 cents and $1 per bottle.

August 4.-4t.

CAPT. WM. W. BURGESS.

FORMERLY OF ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

WITH

GRANT, MANN & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS

IN

FURNITURE,

MATTRASSES,

UPHOLSTERING GOODS,

CARPETS,

WINDOW SHADES,

MATTING IN GREAT VARIETY, &c. &c.

Making all our furniture we are able to give better satisfaction and sell at lower prices than any house South of Baltimore.

"JOHNSON'S HALL,"

57 Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

N. B. Particular attention paid to filling orders.

☞ HIGHEST PRICE PAID FOR FEATHERS.

TREMENDEOUS CRASH

IN THE PRICE OF DRY GOODS.

BELOW THE GOLD STANDARD.

PRICES THAT ASTONISH ALL AT

JACOB SALOMONSKY & CO'S.

Elizabeth City, N. C.

They are now opening a beautiful stock of

DRESS GOODS AT A REDUCTION OF

FROM 20 TO 50 PER CENT.

The best selection of Prints.

GINGHAMS, LINEN AND COTTONS.

LADS' FINE HOSIERY.

PARASOLS IN GREAT VARIETY.

We also keep and constantly receive the best

Philadelphia made Ladies and Gents Shoes.

CHEAP CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES, THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTED STOCK IN THE CITY.

Ready made clothing and clothing made to order.

GENTS FURNISHING GOODS

Of the Latest and most approved styles always in season.

BOOTS,

SHOES,

HATS,

TRUNKS AND UMBERELERS

IN GREAT ABUNDANCE,

And a great many other articles sold cheap at

JACOB SALOMONSKY & CO.,

Elizabeth City, N. C.

Jan. 20, 1870.—1-y.

NORTH CAROLINA

MANUFACTURING, LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

Incorporated by the N. C. Legislature, with Liberal Banking Privileges.

Office: Elizabeth City, N. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

GEO. D. POOL, *Pres't.*; R. F. OVERMAN, *Cas'r.*;
Dr. P. JOHN, Hon. JOHN POOL,
Hon. C. C. POOL, C. W. HOLLOWELL,
C. W. SMITH, WM. UNDERWOOD,
A. C. MOORE.

Deals in Exchange, Sight Drafts, Gold and Silver Coin, Government and other Securities, etc.

Uncurrent Bank Notes bought and sold on reasonable terms.

July 15, 1869-1y.

MEDICAL.

MEDICAL NOTICE.

Being engaged in other business, I desire to restrict my Practice to cases of Consultation, and to a limited extent of special practice.

My charges will be—

For consultation with another Physician,	$5 00
" each subsequent consultation, in same case	2 50
" examination and prescript'n, from $1 to	5 00
" visit in Eliz. City, and prescription,	1 50
" each subsequent visit, in same case, same day	50
" visit in Eliz. City, at night	5 00
" visit in country—the first mile	2 00
" each after mile, per mile	50
" visit one mile in country, at night, or in bad weather	6 00
" each after mile, at night, or in bad weather	1 00

Prompt settlement required.

W. G. POOL, M. D.
Elizabeth City, July 1, 1869-tf.

HOUSE, SIGN AND ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

The undersigned has resumed the business of House, Sign and Ornamental PAINTER, and respectfully tenders his services to the public in that line of business.

His reputation as a painter is well known in this, and the surrounding counties; and the promptness with which he has heretofore acted, and the faithfulness with which all work entrusted to him has always been done, he hopes will again insure him a liberal patronage.

THOMAS R. BLAND.
Elizabeth City, N. C., Sept. 30, 1869-1y.

CARPENTER & HOUSE-BUILDER!

The subscriber would respectfully announce that he is prepared to do all kinds of carpenter work, as well as to take contracts for building. etc. SAMUEL T. MEADS.
Elizabeth City, Dec. 23, 1869-1y.

JAMES M. MULLEN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, SCOTLAND NECK, N. C.

Practices in all the Courts of Halifax, Northampton, Bertie, Martin and Edgecombe Counties.

Business entrusted to him promptly attended to.

Mar. 3, 1870-1y.

FRUIT TREES.

A prime lot of peach, apple, dwarf pear, and cherry trees, and small fruit plants, for sale, at reasonable prices, at the nursery of the subscriber in Princess Anne county, Va., also pear trees and other nursery stock supplied from a reliable Northern nursery, by timely application. For particulars address

J. W. BARNARD, Blossom Hill, P. O.,
Princess Anne co. Va., or
Dr. WM. UNDERWOOD, Agent,
13-tf Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞ I am also dealer in genuine Chester White pigs. J. W. BARNARD.
33—m.

GREAT REDUCTION

IN PRICE OF

TEAS AND COFFEES

TO CONFORM TO

PRICE OF GOLD

Increased Facilities to Club Organizers. Send for New Price List.

THE GREAT AMERICAN TEA CO.
(P. O. Box 5643.) 31 & 33 Vesey St., New York. tf.

JOS. G. SPRUILL.

GROCER AND LIQUOR DEALER.

NO. 27, MARKET SQUARE.

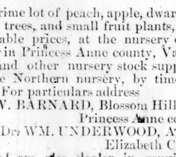
Corner Union Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

DR. JAS. N. BUTT.

Can sell you a good Cigar and Fine Chewing Tobacco. Besides you can get Perfumery and Extracts, Tooth Brushes, Pocket Books, Fine Soaps, Paper and Envelopes, Fine Pocket Knives. Besides hundreds of other articles that can not be mentioned in a small advertisement.

PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY.—



I AM TAKING

Ambrotypes, Melanecotypes, opaltypes, gem pictures, and large pictures painted in oil or water colors, old pictures copied into Photographs and enlarged to any size required. I have also just received a new stock of frames rosewood and gilt frames, cases, &c., &c., of the best quality, and have the best instruments of Foreign and American manufacture. Also a large stock of all kinds of photograph materials, and will guarantee as good work as can be done in any City.

N. B. All work guaranteed to be good or your money will be refunded, or picture taken over. Pictures can be taken in cloudy weather as in clear. I have the best and latest improved skylight gallery, just refitted and built under my direction. I have built several galleries and consider this the best I have ever built and have had over ten years experience in the photograph art. Don't forget the place over Dr. Butt's Drug Store 75 Road Street, E. City, N. C.

J. L. WINNER,
Photographer.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., Aug., 18, 1870.

KADER BIGGS, Norfolk, Va. ASA BIGGS, Formerly of N. C.

KADER BIGGS & CO.

General Commission Merchants, for the sale of Corn, Wheat, Cotton Lumber etc. Bells wharf Norfolk, Va. Commission one cent per bushel on Corn, and 2½ per cent on other produce. Our long experience gives us advantage in obtaining the highest prices.

Prompt sales and returns for all consignments entrusted to our charge.

July 7st, 1870-6m.

DENTAL NOTICE.

As I will leave Elizabeth City on the 19th of August on a trip North, to be absent until the 22nd of September, I give this notice that persons wishing work done may not be disappointed I may be found during business hours at my office in the NORTH CAROLINIAN building Northeast corner of Main and Road Streets.

I. T. ANDREWS.

July 28th, 1870-4t.

WANTED.

$500,00 to meet our creditors. Will those who owe us please remember that upon them we must rely. If the amount due is small, cents make the dollars.

GRUMBEIN & CO.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., July 28, 1870.

MISCELLANEOUS.

In returning our thanks to the public for their

VERY LIBERAL PATRONAGE

to us since opening our store of Drugs, Medicines, &c. we will state that our past course shall be our future, and we will at all times use our best efforts to give our patrons satisfaction in both quality and price.

We would be pleased to have you call and examine our stock, consisting of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, PERFUMERY,

TOILET ARTICLES AND

STATIONARY.

Especially would we call your attention to our large and well assorted stock of

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, AND PUTTY,

Also a superior article of Oil for Machinery.

Any and every article sold by us we will guarantee to be as represented.

We would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies, to the

IMPROVED INDIGO SOAP

sold only by us pronounced by all who have used it to be the best *soap* ever sold in this market, washes equally well in warm or cold, well or rain water, at half the labor, and a saving of time and money, no Indigo used by those who use this soap. Call and get a *bar* and give it a trial.

Prescriptions Compounded at all hours, day or night, Sunday not excepted.

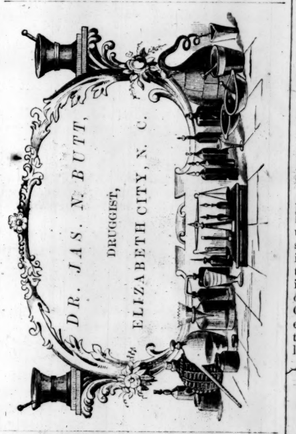
CALL AND SEE US.

DR. WM. GRUMBEIN & CO.

Corner of Main and Road Sts.
1y. Elizabeth City, N. C.

DR. J. N. BUTT

Sells Pure Non-Explosive Kerosene. Keeps a large lot of Lamps, small and medium, lamp complete for 50 cents. I keep ne-plus ultra chimneys, small, medium, large and mammoth, flange chimney, small, medium and large, Comet chimney, and the old Socket or Slip Chimney, Daylight, Brocket Lamps, Silver Reflectors and Chandaliers for Stores.



A fresh and large lot of Pure White Lead, from 10 to 14 cents. Pure Linseed Oil, at the lowest figures. Machine and Fine Lubricating Oil. Pure Fish and other oils. Received and for sale at Dr. Jas. N. Butt's.

I have just received a choice lot of probably the finest chewing tobacco ever brought to this market.

DR. JAS. N. BUTT.

DRUG NOTICE.—

Vessel builders and house painters, call at the Apothecaries Hall and buy of Dr. Jas. N. Butt your White Lead and Lindseed Oil.

DR. JAS. N. BUTT.

WILMINGTON N. CAROLINA

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

Principal Office, No. 5, North Front street Wilmington, N. C.

Capital Stock $300,000, with privilege to increase it to $1,000,000.

There is nothing desirable in Life Insurance that cannot be obtained by a Policy in the Wilmington. When this is taken into consideration, it is confidently hoped that this Home Institution will receive a full share of patronage from those who wish to promote the interests of our own people.

Active Agents wanted in every County of the 1st Judicial District. For particulars, address

W. C. HUFHAM,
General Agent.
3m. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

FISHERIES.

Made to order, and fitted for laying down, Trap or Pounds, of the most improved style. Sold to the Shad and Herring Fisheries of the Sound. Are used exclusively on the Lakes, and all along the New England Coast.

AM'A NET & TWINE CO,
Boston, June 9th, 1870-3m.

SALE OF VALUABLE PROPERTY

IN CAMDEN COUNTY

Great inducements held out to everybody.

By virtue of the authority given me by the will of Edmund L. Dozier, I shall on Monday the 5th day of September 1870, offer for sale at Public Auction at the Court House door in Camden County, a very valuable steam saw and grist mill. This mill is in fine order, and well conditioned, and from its advantageous situation, near Camden Court House, and in the midst of a fine timbered country, offers the strongest inducements to those wishing to invest in this species of property.

Also at the same time and place a tract of one hundred and fifty acres of timber land, situated in the lower end of Camden County, and near to the mill mentioned above. Some of the finest pine timber in Camden county is growing on this land. And at the same time and place a fine lot of growing timber.

E. G. SAWYER,
July 21st 1870. Executor.

TO LUMBERMEN.

I have standing on my land in Chowan county trees enough to saw ten million feet of lumber, within one and a half miles of Steam-boat navigation; the land on which these trees stand can be hauled on any season of the year; timber is of excellent quality, been pronounced so by those of experience in getting lumber. Any one with proper experience in the Saw Mill business, wishing to make money, there is no better chance to such a one. I will either sell, or take an interest in sawing up my lumber.

W. J. HOLLEY,
Franklin Depot, Va.
July 21st, 1870-4t.

LPP—MINISTERS will please read Advertisement and Editorial of the LORD'S PRAYER PICTURE in other columns. 8-4t

MEDICAL.

SICKNESS, PAIN AND DEATH.

Legitimately result as penalties for violations of natural laws, from which none escape.

The faded cheek, the pale and wan features, the dull eye, the clouded intellect, the deep heaving sigh, the feeble and emaciated frame, the dejected brow, the tottering gate, all indicate previous transgression of law. Knowing that "procrastination is the thief of time," all intelligent beings apply for some remedy as soon as circumstances permit; while those who do not act upon the principle that "delays are dangerous," generally linger, lose more time and pay more *money*.

Thousands of mothers and daughters, in all stations and conditions of life, are suffering, lingering and dying from the effects of some dreaded and dreadful

FEMALE COMPLAINT,

That claims its victims throughout the length and breadth of our land.

Many females suffer in some way at each monthly period; some girls are in great peril at the commencement of menstruation, while older ones dread its decline at the "turn of life." Sometimes the menstrual flow is too much, or too little, or may be attended with pain; may be irregular or entirely checked, or changed in appearance, attended with other distressing sympeoms. Leucorrhœa, or the "Whites," frequently drains the system, or ulceration of the womb may create pain and cause rapid prostration.

Falling of the womb is an exceedingly common complaint, giving much trouble and distress, which, under ordinary treatment, is difficult to cure.

Hysterics, Green Sickness, Irritability of the Womb, and other serious and fatal complaints follow the female sex throughout life. Lives there a medical gentleman who has or can relieve the fair sex of the above troubles? Not many. Is there no combination remedial agents that will come to her rescue? We answer, Yes.

ENGLISH FEMALE BITTERS,

The only acknowledged Uterine Tonic and Female Regulator known, will cure all complaints above mentioned in an incredibly short time. The Bitters at once aronses, strengthens and restores the womb to its natural condition, removing obstructions, relieving pain and regulating the monthly period. Yonder stands a pale, feeble and languid girl, just bursting into womanhood; she is the pride of all, but hark! she silently steals a pickle, eats chalk, or a slate pencil; no appetite for food; she turns with a dull eye and seeks solitude; her eye no longer sparkles; her merry laugh is no longer heard ringing through the air; she mopes about with bloodless lips and gums, with headache, palpitation, constipation, swimming of the head, cold feet and hands, melancholy; she has a coated tongue, offensive breath, and a host of other evils too numerous to mention.

When neglected all these symptoms become aggravated, there is sick stomach, heartburn, a dark line settles under the eyes, the legs and ankles are swollen, the hair loses its gloss and falls off, there is brittleness and splitting of the finger-nails, swollen abdemen, extreme nervousness, fretfulness, pains and aches, dry cough, Hysterical Fits, rapid prostration, epilepsy and death! If you, or any of your friends, are thus afflicted, send at once for a Bottle of English Female Bitters and be cured. Its effects are magical in such complaints. Surely no mother will postpone and delay this duty until

DEATH IS AT THE DOOR.

In all these complaints the system evidently shows a want of red blood, and Mr. Churchill, in his work on Diseases of Females, says: "Bearing in mind that the blood is remarkably deficient in red corpuscles, and the known property of *iron* to correct this condition, theory suggests it as the most to be relied on, the best of which is the Citrate." Citrate of Iron enters largely into the composition of English Female Bitters, combined with powerful vegetable tonics of rare qualities.

Among the mountains of Tennessee and the piney woods of Mississippi, is found

AGRICULTURAL, HORTICULTURAL AND DOMESTIC MATTERS.

The Farmer Feedeth All.

My lord rides through the palace-gate,
My lady sweeps along in state,
The sage thinks long on many a thing,
And the maiden muses on marrying;
The sailor plows the foaming sea,
The huntsman kills the good red deer,
And the soldier wars without a fear;
But fall to each whate'er befall,
The farmer he must feed them all.

Smith hammereth cherry-rod the sword,
Priest preacheth pure the holy word,
Dame Alice worketh braiding well,
Clerk Richard tales of love can tell;
The tap wife sells her foaming beer,
Dan Fisher fisheth in the mere,
And courtiers' ruffles strut and shine,
While pages bring the Gascon wine.

Man builds his castles fair and high,
Wherever river runneth by;
Great cities rise in every land,
Great churches show the builder's hand,
Great arches, monuments and towers,
Fair palaces and pleasing bowers;
Great work is done, be it here or there,
And well man worketh everywhere.
But work or rest, whate'er befall,
The farmer he must feed them all.

The Progressive Farmer.

The farmer's life is truly a progressive one, and the science of farming is as much a progressive science or art as manufacturing of any kind—as much a progressive business as any other business of life. And the farmer who does not believe in the doctrine of progression, but adheres tenaciously to the old precept and line of practice of his predecessors, with hardly a variation of the *modus operandi* of his farming operations for half a century, begins to look about him with astonishment, to find how much light and practical knowledge science is letting in upon the hitherto benighted course of his neighbors.

The old fogy farmer looks about him and sees one neighbor who has lived by him for years, who used to conduct his farming operations in the same slovenly style; but as his family grew older, and his sons became able to assist in manual labor more effectively, things began to wear a new aspect. Old fences gave way to new and substantial ones; agricultural papers and periodicals began to be taken, their lessons noted and their precepts followed. The old house which stood gable end to the road, moss-covered with age, gave place to the square, white dwelling, upon an eminence near the site of the old domicil, overlooking the whole farm, which was ample in its size and naturally fertile in its productions.

The old man and his boys got out the timber for the house in the winter and spring, and hauled the logs to the sawmill while the snow was upon the ground, thus doing all within themselves possible, and having the advantage of securing a house of fine architectural beauty, at a limited cost. The walks were then arranged upon the lawn and finely graveled,—the lawn was sown with red top clover, interspersed with the more ornamental varieties of fruit trees,—and all this was done at intervals of time by the old man's sons.

The daughters, too, have their beds of different kinds of flowers, and their groops of ornamental shrubbery, which gave the old place a pretty appearance,—arranged with the taste which the fairy hand of woman can always do. Indeed, the traveller, who might have passed that way and seen the place a year before, would not have recognized it now.

Thus a little scientific, or practical knowledge of progression, obtained by means of Agricultural papers, added to the solidity of their enjoyments, and incited praiseworthy efforts to improve their social positions.

Meanwhile, the barns and out buildings were renovated, remodelled, and some rebuilt. The land was increased in value by deep plowing and a scientific and systematic method of manuring. The old and inefficient tools of husbandry gave to new and improved kinds. Horse labor was brought more into requisition,—and thus more was accomplished than was possible to accomplish by manual labor. The hay was mown by a patent mower. The grain was cut by horse power, and prepared for market by the same mechanical force—thus making a gaeat saving in time, labor and expense.

Improved breeds of horses, sheep and cattle were obtained, and their production and sale annually added to the income of this now thrifty farmer. He had acquired a habit of doing everything well and in season. His fine sheep and cattle found a ready sale; the productions of his farm was soon sought after, and brought the highest price. The secret of his success was, that everything that was sold from his farm was superior to the produce of his neighbors' farms, and more pains were taken in its production.

His home was the home of contentment, prosperity, happiness and peace. His was the life of the Progressive Farmer.

Meanwhile, his neighbor of the old fogy cast and opinion, still adhered to his old routine—extracting from the soil without replacing the constituent elements which it took to produce his crops—forgetting the old adage that "it takes like to produce like." Consequently, his farm deteriorated in value and amount of production every year, though it was of ample dimensions, and originally as fertile as that of his more progressive neighbor.

His family was brought up in the same style as his father's before him, their moral and social education being sadly neglected. Consequently, the elements of happiness were not in that family. The sons were dissolute and shiftless, lacking in energy and point of character; the daughters were careless, slovenly and quarrelsom. In fact, the whole family were noted throughout the immediate vicinity, as being in continual contention, feud and broil.

The race course, the card table, and the drinking room too often saw the presence of the sons. They had no family circle where they could hold social converse, when the toils of the day were over; no table on which were papers or magazines, either literary or agricultural. They were uninformed as to the current news of the day—knowing nothing of it but what they could gather from the seven by nine village paper, which the old man took because it advocated the politics of his father before him.

He never could see how it was that his neighbor, with the same quality of land could sell his produce for a higher price, and was making money so much more rapidly than himself. He did not understand that it was Progress.

Reader, this is no fancy sketch, drawing upon the imagination for materials—no highly colored word-painting, existing in the poetic regions of fancy and fiction; but the above paralelle cases came within the writer's immediate knowledge—and the accuracy of the detail can be vouched for. If you are a farmer, ponder on your course of action; then imitate the example of our progressive farmer, if you would be prosperous and happy.

CLEANING PAINT.—Wet the paint with warm water; then with a damp cloth, dipped in whiting instead of soap, rub the paint. It will look as well as new, and is much easier cleaned and saves the paint.—o. s.

Gather up the Fragments.

Every farmer should gather up all the fragments left in the repairs which may be made from time to time on the house or farm, for they will by and by come into play. An old saying, to avoid waste is to put away such articles as may not be at the moment wanted, and ere seven years roll round they will be found to be in demand; and then instead of running to the store, or the smith's, or the wheelwright, at a loss frequently of valuable time, as well as of money which might have been saved, the satisfaction might be enjoyed of having some trifling though necessary shred or patch of former mending ready at hand for use. Small pieces of timber or plank, or lots of nails, screws, hinges, latches, &c., should be gathered up, and not suffered to be burnt up by the housemaid, or scattered about by the boys, as is very apt to be the case when they find things lying around loose. Every farmer should have a small workshop, and endeavor to induce those about him to try their ingenuity at little jobs, which will benefit the youths, making them more useful, and entitle them, all other things equal to higher wages in time to come. A tool chest should always be kept where can be deposited the hammer, saw, screw-driver, gimlets, screws, nails, &c., and a certain place designated where this chest is to be found at all times so that a small lad can be sent, if necessary, from the field to obtain the article needed, instead of having to send to a distant neighbor or shop for the simplest thing required, for which the work might be hindered perhaps for hours, and the necessity also avoided many times of sending the implements, suddenly broken or damaged, to the wheelwright or carpenter. Materials, such as awls, shoe-knife, a ball of thread, another of wax, &c., should also be always on hand to mend harness, &c., the cost of which would be not more than a few shillings, and will last several years, and probably save their cost every month or two in time and cash.

Guano on Fruit Trees.

The use of guano for fruit trees is said to combine another advantage which is of inestimable value to the fruit grower; this is the destruction of the pupæ of insects which lie buried in the earth and emerge from it during the warm weather of spring. The covering of these insects when they first come out of the ground is not hardened, and contact with a strong solution of guano destroys them. Several kinds of insects which were experimented on in order to test the value of guano in this particular, were instantly killed when brought into contact with even a weak solution of it. Salt and whale oil soap are apt to be injurious to vegetation, but by strewing guano around the trees and digging it in a few inches the trees will be benefited and injurious insects destroyed. As the pupæ of insects descend in the winter below the reach of frost, there is but little use in applying guano until they come near the surface of the soil, about the end of May or the beginning of June.

It is said that guano is admirably adapted as a manure for peaf trees, causing a vigorous growth of wood and an abundance of fruit. When making experiments, the best Peruvian guano should be used, and if young trees are to be manured, a little guano dug into the surface around the tree will be advantageous. The best mode of applying guano to fruit trees is first to ascertain the position of the young feedling roots—their distance from the stem of the tree, also their depth in the ground, then to place the guano as near to them and as much around them as possible without letting it come in contact with them.—*Southern Farmer.*

Wheat and Chess.

In the Chicago *Advance* of Jan. 27th, A. S. Fuller is represented as having said that "as a scientiest he should say that it is impossible for wheat to turn into chess, but as the farmer he feels like saying that he does not know." So it seems that this mooted question is no nearer being settled now than it was 50 years ago. Of a hundred persons asked to give their opinions, probably as many would say yes as no to it, but I much doubt, if any one of them could give a reason satisfactory even to his own mind, why he gives one answer rather than the other, while some, with the writer quoted above, would frankly say, "The thing is impossible," or, "We don't know." As for myself, I decline to—but no matter to what—*that* I will keep to myself, or leave it to be inferred, if it can be, from the following curious *fact:*

A friend of mine, in Champaign county Illinois, while harvesting his wheat, found a *single head with chess in it.* It seemed as if the wheat had made an effort—so to express it—to turn into chess, and had partially succeeded. It was such an anomaly, that he took it to the house and laid it away for safe keeping. He may, or may not, have it yet. There is no mistake about the fact. To be certain that what I saw was actually so, I took the head into my hands,—for it seemed to me it could hardly be possible—and turned it round and round, till all doubt was removed by seeing again both wheat and chess in it. Of the latter there were seven seeds and only seven by actual count, standing on small stems beyond the general level of the head.—*Cor. Western Rural.*

Simple Cure for Deafness.

An exchange says: A gentleman who for some years was so deaf as to be utterly unable to hear conversation in an ordinary tone of voice, called on us the other day, and requested us to publish the method by which his cure was effected, for the benefit of all who may be afflicted with his infirmity, whether arrising from catarrh or other causes.

After trying the remedy prescribed by his physician, this gentleman—now over 60 years of age—was recommended to inject into the ear a mixture of castile soap and tepid water; or it may be as hot as the part will bear. By this simple and entirely innocent preparation, used daily for about two weeks, the hearing of the gentleman who recommends it was completely restored.

The addition of a few drops of pure oil of glycerine is also of advantage, as it softens the wax of the ear when it becomes hardened; or if the deafness is accompanied with a sense of uneasiness or pain, a few drops of laudanum will be of advantage in relieving the pain. A very large number of people are afflicted with partial deafness, and it can, we trust, do no harm to try a simple remedy—a remedy which our informant assures us is a certain cure in many cases.

SUBSTITUTE FOR WASHING SODA.—For washing delicate fabrics the hyposulphite of soda is much better than common soda. It does not attack the skin of the hands, nor the articles to be washed, while it is an effective bleaching agent, and removes many kinds of spots better than anything else that can be used. It is now manufactured on a large scale for photographic purposes, and is quite cheap.

Those who think our cultivated lands must grow poor as they grow old, will find food for reflection in the fact that not many years back the average yield of wheat per acre in England was about ten bushels; it is now over thirty bushels, the result of better economy of home-made manure, and the extensive use of imported fertilizers.

MISCELLANEOUS.

VALUABLE—real estate for sale by the Land & Lumber Company.

A tract of land containing sixty acres one mile from E. City, immediately on the River, and binding a public road on two sides. This farm has a good one story dwelling and outhouses, a quantity of fruit trees, and has a fence around it that will last for fifty years. The adjoining farm is owned and occupied by a Northern man, and though containing twenty acres less land than the farm he has refused $5.000 cash for it. The first named tract is offered for sale for a division, and at the low price of $2.400.

Another tract adjoining the above, containing 356 acres, with fine two story dwelling containing 9 rooms and cook-room. Servants house with 3 rooms, large barns and stables, all necessary and convenient outhouses, 3 tenant-houses near town, and immediately on the River. About 100 acres of this land is in fine wood and timber, balance in a fine state of cultivation. It has 8,000 grape vines one year old, 3,500 peach, apple and dwarf pear trees, five acres in strawberries which yielded an immense profit this year, ten acres in Lawton and other rare varieties of black-berries, 15 to 20,000 young peach trees with other choice fruits too numerous to mention. This farm has a public road on one side, and the River on the other, where strangers come daily to the landings to receive the fruits and vegetables, and carry them down to Norfolk, Baltimore, Phila., or New York. The land is finely adapted to raising corn, wheat, cotton, oats, and all other field crops.

The owner of this farm offers to sell in tracts, to suit purchasers, say in 50 to 100 acre tracts, and at prices ranging from 35 to $80 per acre, according to location, building, &c.

There is also on this farm a fine fishery, where a seine 1,000 yards long, and 20 feet deep is hauled every Spring. Herring, Shad, Rockfish, Sturgeon and other valuable fish, are caught by thousands at every draw of the seine. And the profits are frequently large. This fishery of itself is worth nearly as much as is charged for the whole property. The terms will be liberal. This is probably the finest opportunity offered any where for a profitable investment.

☞ Fishery has an office, and two houses for hands besides fish house. Then some 500 to 1,000 loads of best fish manure on hand, besides over 5,000 loads of compost made ready for use. This goes with the farm.

GEO. D. POOL.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., July 21st, 1870.

NEW GARDEN BOARDING SCHOOL.

For Male and Female Students, is located near Greensb oro', Guilford Co., N. C., and is under the care of the Society of Friends; but liberal and open to all.

Next Term begins 7th Mo., [July] 25th.
Board and Tuition $17. per Month.
For Catalogue, Address,
J. E. COX, Supt.
New Garden,
N. C.
July 7th, 1870–2m.

PHOTOGRAPHS.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES.

I wish to announce to the citizens and vicinity, that I have reduced the prices of Photographs. I wish it understood that I do not do this because I have opposition for I have none, and besides I only charged Norfolk prices before, but do this so every one who wants pictures will be able to get them. I have reduced the prices 50 cts. on a dozen, 50 cts. on ½ dozen and 25 cts. on ¼ dozen. Hoping to get a fair share of public patronage, and I will make the pictures just as good as I have before and spare no pains in suiting my customers with good work. I have been in the Photograph business over ten years and flatter myself that I can do as good work as can be done anywhere.

J. L. WINNER,
Photographer.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., July 28, 1870.

BOOK BINDING.

Paper Ruling and Blank Book Manufacturing in all its branches.

Having bought the Book Bindery, Tools, Fixtures, &c., so long and favorably known as the "Norfolk Journal Bindery" and having increased my facilities, I am now prepared to do *Book Binding* in all its Branches

Ledgers, Journals, Day and Cash Books, Record Books, Court Dockets, Minute Books, and all other Books for Merchants, Bankers, Lawyers, County Clerks, and others ruled to order and bound in the most substantial manner at prices which I will guarantee to give satisfaction.

Also Music, Magazines, Periodicals, Newspapers, &c., &c., bound and re-bound.

Parties throughout Eastern North Carolina who favored the firm of CLARK & WALTERS before the war are invited to renew their patronage.

Orders by Mail promptly attended to
Address, JOHN WALTERS,
10 Roanoke Avenue,
Norfolk, Va.

Refers by permission to
Col. W. Lamb, President 1st. National Bank Norfolk.
Col. J. W. Hinton, Col. E. C. Lindsey, J. W. Grandy, Esq., of Millar Grandy & Roberts.
July 28th, 1870–6m.

PETER ARMBRUSTER. JOHN G. ARMBRUSTER

P. ARMBRUSTER & BRO.,

GENERAL

PRODUCE & COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

No. 133 North Water St., Phil'a Pa.

Consignments of grain and lumber respectfully solicited. 11–1y

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GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
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July 8, 1869.

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WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

CHEWING AND SMOKING TOBACCO,

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No. 6 Wide Water Street, Norfolk, Va.

Agents for the "Carolina Belle" Scotch and other snuffs.

Also sole agents for the brand "Dabney" chewing tobacco.

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TERMS VERY LIBERAL.

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P. JOHN,
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DRY GOODS & GROCERIES.

THE OLD MERCHANT.

Great fall in goods and decline in prices. Great attraction on Water street, Elizabeth City. Opening of a new lot of Ladies Dress Goods just arrived for

☞ S. WEISEL. ☜

I take great pleasure of informing the ladie and my customers generally that I have just received from New York a new lot of

LADIES DRESS GOODS.

The latest styles of the season. Consisting in part of

CHENE MIXTURES,

MARL FRANCAISE,

EMBROIDERED GRENADINES,

ROBES DE VOYAGE,

STRIPED AND FIGUERED PIQUES,

MOHAIR LUSTER

STRIPED AND CHECKED MUSLINS,

JAPANESE SILKS, IRISH POPLINS,

BLACK SILKS, JAPANESE LUSTER,

STRIPED AND CHECKED NAINSOOKS,

PLAIN AND STRIPED SWISS.

Prints in great variety at 10 and 12½ cents a yard.

A large lot of Gents and Boys Clothing.

French and American Cassimeres, and Doeskins of the finest qualities.

Also Boots, Shoes, Hats, and Caps, which I will offer at the lowest market price.

N. B. Goods bought at my store will always come up fully to its representation.

S. WEISEL.
E. City, N. C., May 19, 1870.

D. B. BRADFORD. J. B. FEARING.

D. B. BRADFORD & CO.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.

ALSO

GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

Will give personal attention to the sale and purchase of Corn, Wheat, Cotton, Bacon, Flour, Lard and all kinds of Produce and Merchandise, and make prompt returns.

Consignments respectfully solicited, and liberal cash advances made if required.

Refer by permission to
Dr. Wm. G. Pool,
Mr. Geo. D. Pool, Mr. R. F. Overman, Elizabeth City, N. C.
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Messrs. John Williams & Son, Baltimore, M. D.
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D. B. BRADFORD & CO.,

Have just received in store, and offer to the trade at

LOWEST RATES,

10 Bags all grades Rio Coffee.
3 Bags choice Laguayra Coffee.
3 Bags Old Government Java Coffee.
10 Barrels choice Demerara Sugars.
7 Barrels P. R. Sugar, very nice.
5 Barrels Refined Sugar, crushed, powdered granulated.
10 Barrels Refined Sugar, A, B and Extra C.
5 Barrels low priced Yellow Sugar.
20 Barrels N. Y. Mess and Rump Pork.
1,000 Pounds Bacon Sides and Shoulders.
500 Pounds choice S. C. Breast Bacon.
1,000 Pounds choice S. C. Family Hams.
4,000 Pounds No. 1 Lard.
100 Sacks Liverpool G. A. Salt.
100 Barrels, C. A. Gambrill and other choice brands of Flour.
20 Barrels Molasses.
3 Barrels Sugar House Syrup.
30 Kegs Nails, all sizes.
20 Barrels Eastern Herrings.
20 Boxes C. Erasive Soap.
500 Blocks Cotton Yarn, assorted numbers.
5 Tubs choice N. Y. State Butter.
7 Barrels Wests No. 1 Kerosene Oil.
10 Barrels Irish Potatoes, *for tible use.*
10 Boxes Tobacco.
300 Pounds choice Smoking Tobocco.

With a full stock of pure Pepper, Allspice, Starch, Chocolate, Mustard, Ginger, Brooms, Buckets, Crockery, Glass Ware, Tin Ware, Spades, Shovels, &c. &c., usually kept in a first class Family Grocery, all of which we are selling at low prices, and warranted as represented.

D. B. BRADFORD.
J. B. FEARING.
E. City, N. C., May 19 1870.

TO PHYSICIANS

NEW YORK, May 5th, 1870.

Allow me to call your attention to my

PREPARATION OF COMPOUND EXTRACT BUCHU.

The component parts are, BUCHU, LONG LEAF, CUBEBS, JUNIPER BERRIES.

MODE OF PREPARATION.—Buchu, in vacuo. Juniper Berries, by distilation, to form a fine gin. Cubebs extracted by displacement with spirits obtained from Juniper Berries; very little sugar is used, and a small proportion of spirit. It is more palatable than any now in use.

Buchu, as prepared by Druggists, is of a dark color. It is a plant that emits its fragrance; the action of a flame destroys this (its active principle), leaving a dark and glutinous decoction. Mine is the color of the ingredients. The Buchu in my preparation predominates; the smallest quantity of the other ingredients are added, to prevent fermentation; upon inspection, it will be found not to be a Tincture, as made in Pharmacopea, nor is it a Syrup—and therefore can be used in cases where fever or inflamation exist. In this, you have the knowledge of the ingredients and the mode of preparation.

Hoping that you will favor it with a trial, and that upon inspection it will meet with your approbation,

With a feeling of confidence,
I am, very respectfully,
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist and Druggist,
of 16 Years' Experience.

(FROM THE LARGEST MANUFACTURING CHEMISTS IN THE WORLD.)

NOVEMBER 4, 1854.

"I am acquainted with Mr. H. T. HELMBOLD; he occupied the Drug Store opposite my residence, and was successful in conducting the business where others had not been equally so before him. I have been favorably impressed with his character and enterprise."

WILLIAM WEIGHTMAN,
Firm of Powers & Weightman,
Manufacturing Chemists,
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HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

Is the great specific for Universal Lassitude, Prostration, &c.

The constitution, once affected with Organic Weakness, requires the aid of Medicine to strengthen and invigorate the system, which HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU invariably does. If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or insanity ensues.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT OF BUCHU.

In affections peculiar to Females, is unequalled by any other preparation, as in Chlorosis, or Retention, Painfulness, or Suppression of Customary Evacuations, Ulcerated or Schirrus State of the Uterus, and all complaints incident to the sex, or the decline or change of life.

HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH

Will radically exterminate from the system diseases arising from habits of dissipation, at little expense, little or no change in diet, no inconvenience or exposure; completely superceding those unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copaiva and Mercury, in all these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

In all diseases of these organs, whether existing in male or female, from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing. It is pleasant in taste and odor, "immediate" in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of Bark or Iron.

Those suffering from broken-down or delicate constitutions, procure the remedy at once.

The reader must be aware that, however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect the bodily health and mental powers.

All the above diseases require the aid of a Diuretic. HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU is the great Diuretic.

Sold by Druggists everywhere. PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or 6 bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

Address
H. T. HELMBOLD,
Drug and Chemical Warehouse,
594 BROADWAY, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE.

Unless done up in steel-engraved wrapper, with fac-simile of my Chemical Warehouse, and signed

H. T. HELMBOLD.

May 5, 1y 45–1870.

BLANKS.

BLANKS! BLANKS!!

For Judges of Probate, Sheriffs, Constables, Magistrates and Superior Court Clerks.

The following BLANKS ar now printed and for sale at this office:

Executions against property,
Appraisers returns,
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Letters testamentary,
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Order to lay off widow's dower,
Recognizance of prisoner with surety,
Assignees deeds,
Summons in action for recovery of money only,
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Officers Fi. Fa.,
Guardians Sci. Fa.,
Superior Court subpœnas—State and civil,
" " writs,
" " Ven. Ex.,
" " capias,
" " Vend. Ex.,
" " " " with Fi. Fa clause,
" " Sci. Fa.,
Magistrate's summons,
" judgment,
" execution,
" subpœnas,
" attachment,
" Transcript of judgment,
State warrants,
Peace warrants,
Recognizance—peace warrant,
" State warrant,
Constables forthcoming bonds,
Bastardy—examination of single woman,
" bond,
" warrant against putative father,
Road orders,
Summons for Relief.
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Subpœna, Superior Court.
Search Warrants.

The above blanks are in conformity with the new Constitution.

☞ Cash orders will be promptly attended to.

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The Great Medical Discovery
Dr. WALKER'S CALIFORNIA
VINEGAR BITTERS,

Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their wonderful Curative Effects.

WHAT ARE THEY?

They are a Gentle Purgative as well as a Tonic, possessing the combined virtues of all other Purgatives, Tonics and Alteratives, yet entirely different from all other preparations. They are the only Vegetable Purgative that does not contain Alcohol in any form. They are a Perfect Blood Purifier, and Universal Organic Regulator.

For Female Complaints, whether in young or old, married or single at the dawn of womanhood or the turn of life, these Bitters have no equal; are mild and reliable in all forms of disease.

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK,

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits, and Refuse Liquors, doctored, spiced, and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics" "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER, and LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE, a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter, and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters, according to directions, and remain long unwell.

$100 will be given for an incurable case, providing the bones are not destroyed by mineral poisons or other means, and the vital organs wasted beyond the point of repair.

For Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, and Gout, Dyspepsia, or Indigestion, Bilious, Remittent, and Intermittent Fevers, Diseases of the Blood, Liver, Kidneys, and Bladder, these Bitters have been most successful. Such Diseases are caused by Vitiated Blood, which is generally produced by derangement of the Digestive Organs.

They invigorate the stomach, and stimulate the torpid liver and bowels, which render them of unequalled efficacy in cleansing the blood of all impurities, and imparting new life and vigor to the whole system.

Dyspepsia or Indigestion, Headache, Pain in the Shoulders, Coughs, Tightness of the Chest, Dizziness, Sour Stomach, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Bilious Attacks, Palpitation of the Heart, Copious Discharges of Urine, Pain in the regions of the Kidneys, and a hundred other painful symptoms which are the offsprings of Dyspepsia, are cured by these Bitters.

Cleanse the Vitiated Blood whenever you find its impurities bursting through the skin in Pimples, Eruptions, or Sores; cleanse it when it is foul, and your feelings will tell you when. Keep the blood pure and the health of the system will follow.

PIN, TAPE, and other WORMS, lurking in the system of so many thousands, are effectually destroyed and removed.

For full directions, read carefully the circular around each bottle, printed in four languages—English, German, French, and Spanish.

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San Francisco, California, and 32 and 34 Commerce street, N. Y.

☞ SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS.

FIRE PROOF SAFES.

MARVIN'S
PATENT
Alum & Dry Plaster
FIRE PROOF
SAFES

are most desirable for quality, finish and price.

MARVIN'S

SPHERICAL BURGLAR
SAFES

Cannot be Sledged!
Cannot be Wedged!
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BANK VAULTS,
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COMBINATION LOCKS

Please send for a catalogue to

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Principal Warehouses { 265 Broadway, New York. 721 Chestnut St., Phila. 108 Bank St., Cleveland, O

And for sale by our agents in the principal cities throughout the United States.

NOTICE.

To those wishing to bring Logs to the Land & Lumber Co's., Mills, will observe these rules That they be cut 12 or 16 feet long, and that they be square at both ends, or we shall deduct the square from the log. We will pay the market price for a few thousand logs delivered at the mill.

G. B. THOMPSON.
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., July 28, 1870–6t.

FERTILIZERS.

BONE DUST.—

The subscriber has just erected at his Farm, near the city, the most improved machinery for making BONE DUST, and is now ready to fill orders for any quantity, which will be delivered at the shortest notice.

The BONE DUST will be finer than any heretofore made by him, (no chemical process resorted to,) enabling the Farmer or Planter to sow it with the Drill.

Mr. Samuel Sands, well known to the Farmers and Planters of the United States as the former Editor of the "American Farmer and Rural Register," will have charge of his office, NO. 63 S. GAY STREET, near Pratt, and will be happy to receive the visits or orders of his old friends.

$45 per ton, put in new bags. No charge for bags.

Farmers and others are invited to visit my works. I have nothing to conceal.

My men have nothing nice to perform, therefore I have no "non-admittance" signs on my premises. Persons are free to examine my factory, and the *modus operandi* of Dust making.

I cannot afford to pay 5, 10 or 20 per cent. to commission merchants, as my profits do not exceed 10 per cent.

Bone Dust, as manufactured by me, is *A simple*, and its quality cannot be made to conform to the price.

JOSHUA HORNER,
Office 63 South Gay Street, near Pratt,
Baltimore, Md.

Or at his old stand, Corner Chew and Stirling streets. 30–6m.

THE SECOND VOLUME OF A. H. Stephens Great History of the War is now ready. Agents wanted. Send for circulars, with terms and a full description of the work. Address National Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa., Atlanta, Ga., or St. Louis, Mo.

BOOK AGENTS WANTED in the South, to sell our new book TEN YEARS IN WALL STREET. One agent took 25 orders the first day, another 75 in 4 days. Endorsed by eminent men as the most exciting, interesting and instructive book issued. Includes 13 years experience of the author. Filled with illustrations. Extra terms to agents. Send for Circulars to
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A GREAT CHANCE FOR AGENTS! $75 to $200 per month. We want to employ a good agent in every County in the U. S. on commission or salary to introduce our *World Renowned Patent White Wire Clothes Lines,* will last a hundred years. If you want profitable and pleasant employment, address R. S. BUSH & CO., Manufacturers, 75 *William St., N. Y.,* or 16 *Larborn St. Chicago.*

AGENTS Wanted to sell our Home Physician. A new and reliable Handy-Book of Family Medicine, by Dr. Beard, of New York, and the Farmers' & Mechanics' Manual, 211 cuts, a book of facts and figures for workingmen. E. B. Treat & Co. Pub. 654 Broadway N. Y.

THIS IS NO HUMBUG! By sending 35 CENTS, with age, height, color of eyes and hair, you will receive, by return mail, a correct picture of your future husband or wife, with name and date of marriage. Address W. FOX, P. O. Drawer No. 54, Fultonville, N. Y.

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